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K BOOK MANUFACTORY,
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derate prices, should give us a call. News-
rgest sizes, Harper's Weekly, Gleason's
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ickerbocker, Blackwood's and Graham's
's Lady's Book, Lady's Repository, Peter-
Piano Music, &c., bound in extra styles, or
nd substantial half binding. Select Pam-
aines, Pamphlet laws, bound in good Li-
ery moderate prices. Persons having a
ee to bind, will receive a liberal discount.
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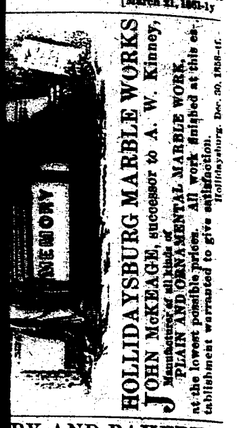
ted. Address F. L. BUTTER.
Harrisburg, Pa.
& DERN, at the Tribune Office, are my
s, and vicinity. They will give informa
e binding, and receive and return books
harges, for all who ent. ust their work to
[March 21, 1861-ly



HOLLIDAYSBURG MARBLE WORKS
JOHN McKEAGE, successor to A. W. Kinney,
Manufacturer of all kinds of
PLAIN AND ORNAMENTAL MARBLE WORK,
at the lowest possible prices. All work finished at this es-
tablishment warranted to give satisfaction.
Hollidaysburg, Dec. 20, 1860-tf.

RY AND BAKERY!
NDERSIGNED ANNOUN-
citizens of Altoona and vicinity that he
a large invoice of
NFECTIONARIES, NUTS, SPICES
ildren &c., expressly for the Holidays.
p always on hand a good stock of plain
f his own manufacture.
PRUNES, RAISINS, &C.
t all seasons of the year.
, Sugar, Molasses, Butter,
OD WHITE WHEAT FLOUR.
EAT FLOUR, CORN MEAL, &C.,
nd for sale in large or small quantities.
nd price my stock and you will find
eap as any in town.
JACOB WISE.

EAT QUESTION WHICH
s the mind of every person
get the best article for my
rd to other matters, the subs-
attempt to direct, but if you
the line of
YS OR SHOES
examination of his stock and work.
nults on hand an assortment of Boots, Shoes
, &c., which he offers at fair prices.
special attention to custom work, all o
rranted to give satisfaction. None but th
e employed
shop is on Virginia street, immediat
a Drug Store.
7-tf] JOHN H. ROBERTS.

FETTINGER'S
al News Agency,
L, No. 7, MAIN STREET.
BOOKS, BLANK BOOKS,
RY, CONFECTIONARIES
RS & TOBACCO,
OTIONS IN GREAT VARIETY
NSTANTLY ON HAND.

AL POLICE GAZETTE.—
Journal of Crime and Criminals is in
, and is widely circulated throughout
ontains all the Great Trials, Criminal
ate Editorials on the same, together with
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s $2 per annum; $1 for six months, to
ers, (who should write their name
ty and State where they reside plainly.)
To G. W. MATSELL & CO.
Prop'r. of New York Police Gazette.
New York City

FECTIONERY
YSTER SALOON,
SCRIBER WOULD IN-
izens of Altoona and vicinity that his
NUS and FRUIT STORE is always
ery best articles to be had, and is great
so an
TER SALOON
re, in which he will serve up OYSTERS
ng the season.
D BREAD & PIES always on hand.
prepared to supply cakes, candies, &c.,
r parties. He invites a share of public
that he can render full satisfaction to
ore and saloon is on Virginia street, two
's Hall. OTTO ROSSI.
1861-tf

ESSLER—PRACTICAL
T. respectfully announces
Altoona and the public gen-
ntinues the Drug business
s here he keeps constantly
olesale and Retail, DRUGS
ICALS, OILS, VARNISHES
TS.
s to business, and a desire to merit sat-
gards price and quality, he hopes to
share of public patronage.
rchants supplied on reasonable terms.
a distance promptly attended to.
ptions carefully compounded. [1-tf.

BASE.—Having pur-
ght to manufacture the CELEBRI-
CIAL TEETH, I am now prepared to
n this new and beautiful article, as
r to the old style, of either plumbic
or discolor. It combines the perfection
course there is no [illegible] persons
e often become [illegible] when
teeth will please call and examine
W. E. HETRICK.
Office in Masonic Temple, Altoona.

D LARD OILS, CAM-
k Fluid, Carbon Oil, &c., &c.
AT McCORMICK'S Store
assortment of [illegible]
Nov. 7-tf

ES.—A LARGE AND
rtment of [illegible]
AT, TOOTH, SHAVING,
nd Varnish Brushes at
KEINER'S.

OS OF PRINTING
and expeditiously executed at the
ALTOONA TRIBUNE OFFICE.

LS, COLOGNES, POM-
Cream, Toilet [illegible] by
ES AND EYE [illegible]
1-tf.

The Altoona Tribune.

McCRUM & DERN, [INDEPENDENT IN EVERYTHING.] EDITORS AND PROPRIETORS.

VOL. 7. ALTOONA, PA., THURSDAY, JULY 24, 1862. NO. 25.

THE ALTOONA TRIBUNE.

E. B. McCRUM,.....H. C. DERN,
PUBLISHERS AND PROPRIETORS.

[illegible] annum, (payable invariably in advance,)..... $1,50.
All papers discontinued at the expiration of the time [illegible] for.

TERMS OF ADVERTISING.

	1 insertion	2 do.	3 do.
[illegible] lines of less.....	$ 25	$ 37½	$ 50
One square, (8 lines).....	50	75	1 00
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Over three weeks and less than three months, 25 cents per square for each insertion.

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Half a column.....	10 00	14 00	20 00
One column.....	14 00	25 00	40 00

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Merchants advertising by the year, three squares, with liberty to change,..... 10 00
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Communications of a political character or individual interest will be charged according to the above rates.
Advertisements not marked with the number of insertions desired, will be continued till forbid and charged according to the above terms.
Business notices five cents per line for every insertion.
Obituary notices exceeding ten lines, fifty cents a square

BALTIMORE LOCK HOSPITAL

ESTABLISHED AS A REFUGE FROM QUACKERY.

The Only Place Where a Cure Can be Obtained.

DR. JOHNSON has discovered the most Certain, Speedy and only Effectual Remedy in the world for all Private Diseases, Weakness of the Back or Limbs, Strictures, Affections of the Kidneys and Bladder, Involuntary Discharges, Impotency, General Debility, Nervousness, Dyspepsy, Languor, Low Spirits, Confusion of Ideas, Palpitation of the Heart, Timidity, Tremblings, Dimness of Sight or Giddiness, Disease of the Head, Throat, Nose or Skin, Affections of the Liver, Lungs, Stomach or Bowels—those Terrible disorders arising from the Solitary Habits of Youth—those secret and solitary practices more fatal to their victims than the song of Syrens to the Mariners of Ulysses, blighting their most brilliant hopes or anticipations, rendering marriage &c., impossible.

YOUNG MEN

Especially, who have become the victims of Solitary Vice, that dreadful and destructive habit which annually sweeps to an untimely grave thousands of Young Men of the most exalted talents and brilliant intellect, who might otherwise have entranced listening Senates with the thunders of eloquence, or waked to ecstasy the living lyre, may call with full confidence.

MARRIAGE.

Married Persons, or Young Men contemplating marriage, being aware of physical weakness, organic debility, deformity, &c., speedily cured.

He who places himself under the care of Dr. J. may religiously confide in his honor as a gentleman, and confidently rely upon his skill as a physician.

ORGANIC WEAKNESS

Immediately Cured, and full Vigor Restored.

This Distressing Affection—which renders Life miserable and marriage impossible—is the penalty paid by the victims of improper indulgences. Young persons are to apt to commit excesses from not being aware of the dreadful consequences that may ensue. Now, who that understands the subject will pretend to deny that the power of procreation is lost sooner by those falling into improper habits than by the prudent? Besides being deprived the pleasures of healthy offspring, the most serious and destructive symptoms to both body and mind arise. The system becomes Deranged, the Physical and Mental Functions Weakened, Loss of Procreative Power, Nervous Irritability, Dyspepsia, Palpitation of the Heart, Indigestion, Constitutional Debility, a Wasting of the Frame, Cough, Consumption, Decay and Death.

OFFICE, NO. 7 SOUTH FREDERICK STREET,

Left hand side going from Baltimore street, a few doors from the corner. Fail not to observe name and number.

Letters must be paid and contain a stamp. The Doctor's Diplomas hang in his office

A CURE WARRANTED IN TWO DAYS.

No Mercury or Nauseous Drugs.

DR. JOHNSON,

Member of the Royal College of Surgeons, London, Graduate from one of the most eminent Colleges in the United States, and the greater part of whose life has been spent in the hospitals of London, Paris, Philadelphia and elsewhere, has effected some of the most astonishing cures that were ever known; many troubled with ringing in the head and ears when asleep, great nervousness, being alarmed at sudden sounds, bashfulness, with frequent blushing, attended sometimes with derangement of mind, were cured immediately.

TAKE PARTICULAR NOTICE.

Dr. J. addresses all those who have injured themselves by improper indulgence and solitary habits, which ruin both body and mind, unfitting them for either business, study, society or marriage.

These are some of the sad and melancholy effects produced by early habits of youth, viz: Weakness of the Back and Limbs, Pains in the Head, Dimness of Sight, Loss of Muscular Power, Palpitation of the Heart, Dyspepsy, Nervous Irritability, Derangement of the Digestive Functions, General Debility, Symptoms of Consumption, &c.

MENTALLY.—The fearful effects of the mind are much to be dreaded—Loss of Memory, Confusion of Ideas, Depression of spirits, Evil-Forebodings, Aversion to Society, Self-Distrust, Love of Solitude, Timidity, &c., are some of the evils produced.

Thousands of persons of all ages can now judge what is the cause of their declining health, losing their vigor, becoming weak, pale, nervous and emaciated, having a singular appearance about the eyes, cough and symptoms of consumption.

YOUNG MEN

Who have injured themselves by a certain practice indulged in when alone, a habit frequently learned from evil companions, or at school, the effects of which are nightly felt, even when asleep, and if not cured renders marriage impossible, and destroys both mind and body, should apply immediately.

What a pity that a young man, the hope of his country, the darling of his parents, should be snatched from all prospects and enjoyments of life, by the consequence of deviating from the path of nature, and indulging in a certain secret habit. Such persons MUST, before contemplating

MARRIAGE,

reflect that a sound mind and body are the most necessary requisites to promote connubial happiness. Indeed, without these, the journey through life becomes a weary pilgrimage; the prospect hourly darkens to the view; the mind becomes shadowed with despair and filled with the melancholy reflection that the happiness of another becomes blighted with our own.

DISEASE OF IMPRUDENCE.

When the misguided and imprudent votary of pleasure finds that he has imbibed the seeds of this painful disease, it too often happens that an ill-timed sense of shame, or dread of discovery, deters him from applying to those who, from education and respectability, can alone befriend him, delaying till the constitutional symptoms of this horrid disease make their appearance, such as ulcerated sore throat, diseased nose, nocturnal pains in the head and limbs, dimness of sight, deafness, nodes on the shin bones and arms, blotches on the head, face and extremities, progressing with frightful rapidity, till at last the palate of the mouth or the bones of the nose fall in, and the victim of this awful disease becomes a horrid object of commiseration, till death puts a period to his dreadful sufferings, by sending him to "that Undiscovered Country from whence no traveller returns."

It is a *melancholy fact* that thousands fall victims to this terrible disease, owing to the unskillfulness of ignorant pretenders, who, by the use of that *Deadly Poison, Mercury*, ruin the constitution and make the residue of life miserable.

STRANGERS

Trust not your lives, or health to the care of the many Unlearned and Worthless Pretenders, destitute of knowledge, name or character, who copy Dr. Johnston's advertisements, or style themselves, in the newspapers, regularly Educated Physicians, incapable of Curing, they keep you trifling month after month, taking their filthy and poisonous compounds, or as long as the smallest fee can be obtained, and in despair, leave you with ruined health to sigh over your galling disappointment.

Dr. Johnston is the only Physician advertising.

His credential or diplomas always hang in his office.

His remedies or treatment are unknown to all others, prepared from a life spent in the great hospitals of Europe, the first in the country and a more extensive *Private Practice* than any other Physician in the world.

INDORSEMENT OF THE PRESS.

The many thousands cured at this institution, year after year, and the numerous important Surgical operations performed by Johnston, witnessed by the reporters of the "Sun," "Clipper," and many other papers, notices of which have appeared again and again before the public, besides his standing as a gentlemen of character and responsibility, is a sufficient guarantee to the afflicted.

SKIN DISEASES SPEEDILY CURED.

No letters received unless post-paid and containing a stamp to be used on the reply. Persons writing should state age and send portion of advertisement describing symptoms.

Persons writing should be particular in directing their letters to this Institution, in the following manner:

JOHN M. JOHNSTON, M.D.,
Of the Baltimore Lock Hospital, Maryland.

Choice Poetry.

COURTING NOW-A-DAYS.

We've always had a great dislike,
For all the foolish ways,
The silly rules which folks have got
For courting now-a-days.
They've cast aside the good old style.
Of "hug me if you can,"
And imitate, like senseless apes,
Some hateful foreign plan.
O how it makes our dander raise
To see them courting now-a-days!

O times ain't as they used to was,
As one can easy tell,
For when a fellow sees a gal
That suits him pretty well.
He's got to be first "introduced."
And then he pens her notes,
And pretty soon he comes around,
To see the kind old folks.
By jinks, we don't believe it pays.
The way the boys court the gals now-a-days.

His "addresses" then he goes to pay.
(They don't spark any more,)
And every night you see him pull
The white nob at the door,
And soon a "servant" ushers him
Into the parlor gloom.
Then comes his duck and takes a seat
On t'other side the room!
And there they sit and sigh and gaze!
They call that courting now-a-days!

Sometimes they talk 'bout story books;
Sometimes the "lady" sings:
Sometimes she plays the organ, too.
To show her finger rings;
Sometimes they take a pleasure walk.
Sometimes they take a ride,
And by-and-by the fellow groans—
"Oh! won't you be my bride?"
To bow and scrape a thousand ways.
They think that's courting now-a-days!

They set a day and hire a priest.
And rent a church or two,
So every boy about the town
Can have a separate pew;
And when the hour at last arrives.
In gorgeous array,
They move up to the waiting priest.
Who "ties the knot" straightway:
Congratulations, words of praise,
Wind up the courting now-a-days.

O give us back the good old style
Of merry days gone by,
When we could "go" with any gal
That chanced to take our eye;
Still took her home from spelling school.
'Bout nine o'clock at night,
Then by the old stone hearth's warm side.
We sparked till broad daylight!
We hugg'd and kissed, and laugh'd till break of day.
Never heard the old clock toll the hours away!
We tell you, chum, such courting pays—
It went ahead of courting now-a-days!

Army Correspondence.

HEAD-QUARTERS, ARMY OF THE POTOMAC,
Camp near Harrison's Landing, Va.,
July 14th, 1862.

MESSRS. EDITORS:—I resume my seat this evening, to again inform you as to our doings here in "the land of Dixie." Our little army still remains in *statu quo*, improving each day in preparing ourselves for the great struggle, which I pray God may prove the last grand conflict of the war. That the enemy are determined to offer desperate resistence is evinced by their continued labors at fortifying and variously strengthening their position.—That we are equally so is apparent and conclusive, and when all is in readiness and the two great armies array themselves in deadly opposition to each other, what a grand and imposing spectacle it will be to behold! But the die is cast. The enemies of our country have struck the blow at our free institutions, and it is not for the descendants of Revolutionary sires to tamely submit to so flagrant an outrage. The blood of those noble old heroes of the Revolution courses freely through our veins, and to pause when the great cornerstone of Liberty is menaced is not consistent with our noble ancestry. We must strike freely, fearlessly and promptly, for our dearly bought privileges, and each one vie with the other in beating back the hordes of miscreants, the chivalrous (?) Southrons who so menacingly threaten us. And we will most assuredly succeed.

Our army, notwithstanding the recent reverses it has met with, continues in fine and exuberant spirits. Not one to murmur or repine at the recent result of events, exhibiting unbounded confidence in our great General, expressing a willingness and determination to follow him the moment he gives the command. Such an army of brave and fearless hearts is well worthy to be led on by so brave a General; and well and truly apparent is it to both. The day we encamped at this Landing was the most disagreeable one I ever experienced; the rain fell continually during the entire day, and as we pitched our tents in a newly plowed field, you may imagine the depth and consistency of the mud on such an occasion. Boots to the knees were but poor refuge from the mud. Horses and men, sick and wounded, fared alike; all went plodding along, men to the knees, and horses, being the heaviest and strongest, up to their bodies in the mire. Many a poor soldier, sick, wounded, and worn out with fatigue, made his bed in a shallow mud-hole that night, and slept soundly too. And the next day, as the General passed by, cheering and encouraging them, I saw many a poor fellow stand, up to his knees in mud, and, scarcely able to extricate himself, throw up his cap and utter cheer after cheer with perfect joy and exultation as he passed along. And he had a kind and encouraging word for all. Here sat a poor fellow in a corner of the fence, his head tied up and his arm in a sling. "This is a bad place for you, my dear fellow," said the General. "Are you badly wounded?—come, follow me up to the hospital; you must be better taken care of." And on he went, followed by hundreds of wounded men, who went cheering and trudging along through the mud, encountering, every few rods, some stout-hearted soldier, standing knee-deep in the mire, cheering vociferously at the approach of the "Idol of the Army." This, gentlemen is true, as I have related it, and what else could be expected of such an army, but success on the field of battle?

The hospital remains as at first, but the Head-Quarters and other camps have been moved a few rods in different directions, the better to avoid the mud. Our camp is at the edge of the woods and on the bank of the river. This place, which before our advent here was almost a wilderness, with scarcely a man to be seen, and, I believe, none but iron-clad vessels in the river, is now thronged with human beings, and the river lined with vessels—iron-clad and wooden—thus presenting the appearance of a large sea-port instead of an obscure point on the James river, known as Harrison's Landing. And there is no end to negroes—contraband and otherwise—males, but more females and piccaninnies. The men are employed in unloading vessels at the Landing, and also as cooks in the different camps. The females "take in washing." We printers have formed ourselves into a private mess, and to-day employed one of these sable individuals to cater to our fastidious tastes—you know, gentlemen, that printers are fastidious in respect to diet; more so, I am sorry to say, than Uncle Sam is. But then we expect to deviate somewhat from the usual routine of pork and beans, crackers and rice.

I have no idea when we will commence our march into Richmond, and dare not tell you if I knew; but you may rest assured that when the time arrives for the work to begin, we will be found equal to the emergency.

I was over to see Company M the other day, and found them all flourishing; Lieut. S. A. Potts in command, with Lieut. Murray at his right hand. Two such officers to lead a willing set of men into action, are rarely to be met with, and must prove a valuable acquisition to any regiment.—Had Company M been fully represented in the memorable battle of the 25th of June, it might possibly have lost more men, but it would have proved a sore annoyance to the rebels. You must remember that there were but twenty-two members of this company in the engagement, including the Captain and Lieut. Murray, both of of whom were wounded, the latter slightly, however. Fred. Winchel says he regrets but one thing, and that is the loss of a canteen full of good whiskey—but he would not care so much if he did not know that the rebels got it!

The next time I visit "the boys," I shall procure and send you a full list of the company, with the names of the killed, wounded and missing marked. Our regiment receives the credit of being the first in the field and fighting the hardest while there.

There is an impression among some—both here and at home—that soldiers can neither send nor receive letters. Such is not the case. Let them be directed to the company and regiment as usual. The The general post-office is here, at Head-Quarters, but immediately on the arrival of the mail, those bags of mail-matter for the regiments, are carried to them by carriers in patient waiting.

The weather for a few days past has been very warm, but this evening the air feels somewhat cooler, with indications of rain. Some are under the impression that we will remain here a good while yet, but I think not. Who knows?

Please remember me to inquiring friends, and leave the latch-string out.

Very respectfully yours,
BLAIN.

WARRENTON, VA.,
July 14th, 1862.

MESSRS. EDITORS:—Here I find myself, after a tiresome but agreeable day's journey through a portion of the "sacred soil" of Virginia, on a sight-seeing excursion. Having procured the necessary documents, that is, a free pass from "Uncle Samuel," over the U. S. M. R. R., I, in company with some friends, left Washington at 9 A. M., by steamboat, for Alexandria, where we arrived safely. This city, at this time, presents quite a lively appearance—it being the main point for receiving and shipping supplies to the army of Eastern and Middle Virginia, composed of the main portion of General Pope's Division. After having gone through with the necessary programme of having our passports examined, we took seats in the cars and were soon moving in the direction of Rebeldom. A short distance out from Alexandria, to our right, looms up the tall steeple of Fairfax Seminary, situated on a beautiful eminence, commanding the country for miles around. A short distance on is Cloud's Mill, only rendered famous as being the scene of frequent skirmishes in the early history of the present war. And on either side, somewhat elevated in commanding positions, are two very large fortifications, garrisoned by Union troops, with several very large guns, facing on all sides, ready and willing to pour death and destruction among the rebel soldiery if they choose again to occupy this valley, but, from present appearances it is not likely they will be used for that purpose. A few miles further on, to the right and left, is the location of several camps of Union troops, among the number the 69th, 84th, 91st and 110th Pennsylvania Volunteers, and the 1st, 2d and 6th Pennsylvania Cavalry, with several regiments from other loyal States—in all about 15,000 soldiers. The first station we arrive at, of any importance, is Fairfax. About this time one year ago, this place was quite lively—it being the point to which troops of one wing of the army were transported when the grand army commenced moving upon Manassas. About three-and-a-half miles North-West is Fairfax Court-House; and within sight, on the hill, is the Church of that name—a wooden building, looking as if it had not been in use since the days when Washington was wont to offer up his devotions there. The road from this place to Alexandria is guarded by the 7th Maine and 12th Virginia Volunteers.—Between this station and Manassas Junction, which is next in importance, we crossed the famous creek known as Bull Run—the battle-field of which is situated some miles North-West from the railroad. A short distance from the Run, and on the road, commences the line of rebel fortifications, extending to Centreville, some nine miles distant, and said by them to be impregnable, but from which they so ingloriously retreated when they thought that "Little Mac" was about to "play sharp" on them! The cars having come to a halt, upon inquiry we are informed that this is Manassas Junction. A vast plain is presented to our view, differing in many respects from what we had expected to find. A few rough board sheds, with a camp or two of Union troops, demolished fortifications, not a fence nor scarcely a tenement visible, and you have the present famous Manassas. In fact, along the whole line of this railroad, devastation and ruin seems to have been the general order. Nearly all the former inhabitants have left their houses tenantless and "skedaddled" to some more congenial climes;

Some to the North, whose slaves had gone before,
Some to the Southward went their way,
And but few have considered
It was best for them to stay.

There is not a bridge, however small, but what has been destroyed. Railroad tracks have been torn up, and the rails placed in fire and burnt in all shapes, thus rendering them useless. Not a station-house nor a water reservoir but was burnt down or demolished. Cars and locomotive engines taken away or destroyed, whose wrecks lay scattered along the line in every direction. Such was the condition of this road when the U. S Government came into possession of it. They have now several very fine new locomotive engines built for their own use, and a good supply of freight and passenger cars, from other roads—a goodly number marked "P. R. R.," but all labelled "U. S. M. R. R." The road is in good running order as far as Warrenton Junction, and the branch to Warrenton. The road extends from the Junction to Gordonsville—that is, the graded portion of it, for the rails have all been taken up or destroyed, but Uncle Sam is busily engaged in repairing it as far out as the pickets extend. We arrived at Warrenton about 5 o'clock P. M. The country from the Junction to this place seems to have escaped that attention which the rebels so diligently bestowed upon the main line of the road. You would not wish to look upon a finer country; it is superior in beauty to the far famed valleys of the old Keystone State, while the town itself excels anything of its size, in magnificence of buildings, that I have ever beheld. Some of its public and private buildings are truly grand—equal in point of beauty to the finest in our large cities. But then they have bestowed all their taste upon their buildings. The streets and pavements (with the exception of being well and beautifully shaded, which is a work of nature,) are far worse than the road leading from Altoona to Sinking Valley, through the Kettle. This is a strong Secession village—not a Union family residing in it. I was informed that a Union widow woman resided some two miles West of this, and if I had not felt so weary I should have walked out to see her; it would have done a person's soul good.—This place and the country immediatly surrounding, is occupied by General Pope's *corps de armee*. He is organizing a grand army composed of the Divisions of Banks, McDowell, Siegel and King, to proceed "on to Richmond." The stores and shops are now mostly occupied by sutlers of the army, and when I got a peep at an old-established store-room and its contents, it looked as if the merchant had been selling out for about three years, to close up—just as you see this hastily written letter. More anon.

INVISIBLE GREEN, JR.

Select Miscellany.

NARRATIVE OF GEN. SEYMOUR, GEN. McCALL'S WORTHY SUCCESSOR.

BELOW RICHMOND, Night of July 1, 1862.

MY DEAR ——:—You will be glad to get even this line from me, though I don't know how you will get it. We are on the James River, and a gunboat can carry a mail. The evening is clear, and the distant sound of heavy cannonading has just ceased, in pursuit of a flying foe, and after a magnificent battle scene. The Union cause is not hopeless now, although it seemed so last night. We have had the hardest kind of fighting. This of to-night is the fourth battle. In three of them my brigade played a not inferior part. At Mechanicsville, on our right flank, our division alone held 40,000 men at bay for twelve hours, and when compelled to withdraw, did so in such a manner as to have elicited the high praise of the army. Reynolds and myself can claim all the glory of the fight, for we alone commanded. I had two horses shot under me. The next day, in the afternoon, the battle of Gainesville was fought—25,000 men against nearly 80,000—De Hart wounded, Easton killed, Reynolds made prisoner, &c.

My escapes were wonderful, and will form the theme of much future story. I led five regiments into the fight besides my own brigade, and on these two days I lost four hundred men in my command. Well, two days afterward, (yesterday,) while folding up our right wing to fall back on the River, we had a great fight along the whole line, where we barely held our own. My horse was shot in five places, and my clothes have six musket holes through them, but the skin not broken. By the mercy of God alone have I escaped, when many others were killed. I was reported to have been killed. Meade was wounded, and McCall either killed or captured. The division was nearly destroyed. One regiment of 800 men has lost all but 50; and it is reduced now from 8,000 down to about 3,000 men, of which I am in command. But I never was intended to be a General; and it pleases me better to lead men into battle than to tell them how it should be done.

Well, we cannot go to Richmond just now—the rebels have been much too strong for us. The skill with which this last movement has been made will be admired by the world for ages, and must place McClellan very high as an able man. The beautiful fight of this afternoon was by Porter, who was wounded. It will please you to learn that I saved this division from being captured by the enemy, as it most certainly would have been, but for a chain of very curious circumstances. All this while we have had nothing to eat but hard bread and a little pork; we destroyed much of our baggage; we carried nothing but our eatables in our pockets; for five nights I have scarcely closed my eyes; but to-night, after a grand victory and a good cup of coffee, and with everything seeming to promise well, if the country will only support us, I shall sleep enough to make it up and be ready for a fight to-morrow.

WEDNESDAY, July 2, 1862—4 P. M.—Arrived this morning early at Robinson's Landing, marching seventeen miles by dark, starting at 12 o'clock. It has rained all day—the ground is very soft; in this field, a plantation, the whole army is concentrated; the river is full of transports; troops are arriving. A few days' rest and we shall start again for Richmond. After being wet and hungry all day, I feel glad that my wagons have come up, and that my night's rest is secure, if the enemy does not attack, as he should do if he means to annihilate us. But who can tell what is in store for us? I trust I shall be able to do my duty, at least as well as I have done. To-day I have eaten nothing but wheat from the field, and am wet and worn with watching and care, and you will know when you see this how much a man can suffer and live. Nothing in all my life has met the suffering of these days, my Fort Sumter trials included.—May God bless our cause, and give us yet more strength to endure. The army is full of heart, and only ask a fair field and that God will be with us.

THURSDAY, July 3.—We have passed through some of the sternest ordeals to which men were ever subjected; attacked by forces double our own, we have not only held our ground, but have performed one of the most difficult feats known in war, with the loss of only a dozen or so baggage wagons; have got in position where we can defend ourselves, we trust, until sufficient reinforcements can arrive to permit us to resume the offensive. I am the only General officer left in this division.

FRIDAY, July 4, 10 P. M.—Before this you have read most extravagant accounts of the Mechanicsville fight—where, the simple fact is, that some thirty odd thousand came down upon Reynolds and myself, and that we fought all one afternoon and some time the next day—withdrew our forces without losing a man, and retired to the main body of the army. You must wait for the reports before believing all you see in print. The same afternoon another grand fight occurred, in which both parties were severely handled.—Here I worked hard. But the greatest fight was on June 30th, when four divisions came down upon McCall's, and nearly wiped it out. There McCall and Meade were lost, and many better men than I bit the dust. That night I did great work, for which I shall doubtless get due credit. Another battle is expected to-morrow.—Our position is exceedingly strong; we think it cannot be taken; it should be an artillery fight principally. Some 25,000 of the scamps are in front of us now, and they are accumulating rapidly. Well they shall have the best we can give them.—It is late; I must be up early; must study the ground; must work hard to-morrow morning. Don't fret about me—God will protect and guide me aright.

SURE AND DOUBTFUL.

We feel sure that few can read the following anecdote without profit. It contains the substance of a sermon, one hour and a half in length;

A celebrated Judge in Virginia was in his earlier years skeptical as to the truth of the Bible, and especially as to the reality of experimental religion. He had a favorite slave who accompanied him in his travels round his circuit. As they passed from court house to court house, they frequently conversed on the subject of religion; the servant, Harry, venturing at times to remonstrate with his master against his infidelity. As the Judge had confidence in Harry's honesty and sincerity, he asked him a great many questions as to how he felt and what he thought on various points.

Among other things Harry told his master that he was often sorely tempted by the devil. The Judge asked Harry to explain to him how it happened that the devil attacked him, (Harry,) who was so pious a man, so sorely, whilst he allowed himself, who was an infidel and a sinner, to pass unnoticed and untempted. Harry asked,

"Are you right sure, master, that he does let you pass without troubling you some?"

"Yes; quite sure."

"Well," replied Harry, "I know that there's a devil, and that he tries me sorely at times."

A day or two afterwards, the Judge concluded to go on a hunt for wild ducks in one of the streams which lay across his road homeward. Harry accompanied him.

As they approached the river they espied a flock of ducks, quietly floating on its surface. The Judge stealthily crept up the bank and fired upon them, killing two or three, and wounding as many others.—He at once threw down his gun and made strenuous efforts, with the aid of clubs and stones, to secure the wounded ducks, while he permitted the dead ones to float on, for the time, unnoticed by him.

Harry sat on the seat watching his master's movement's with deep interest, and when he returned said to him:

"Massa, whilst you was a splashing in the water, after them wounded ducks, and lettin' the dead ones float on, it just comes into my mind why it is that the devil troubles me so much whilst he lets you alone!"

"Explain."

"You are like dead ducks; he's sure he's got you safe. I'm like the wounded ones, trying to get away from him, and he's afraid I'll do it; so he makes all the fuss after me, and just lets you float on."

HOW HE GOT THE COUNTERSIGN.—One night, after the countersign was on, the quartermaster of one of the Pennsylvania regiments, endeavoring to enter the lines was challenged by an Irish sentinel.

"Halt! Who goes there?"

"A friend, without the countersign."

"Well, what d'ye want?"

"I am the quartermaster, and I want to get in to my regiment, and, not knowing the countersign, I suppose I shall have to go back and get it."

"Is that all? An' be jabers, what's to prevint me givin' ye the countersign?"

"Nothing, I suppose."

The sentinel gave him the countersign, and the quartermaster entered the lines with a beaming face, to tell his story to a circle of laughing comrades.

☞ One of the rebel flags captured by Gen. Curtis' troops, near Grand Gluize, in Arkansas, bore the following pleasant mottoes:

"Run, nigger, run! or Lincoln will catch you."

"War to the knife, and the knife to the hilt."

"Death to home traitors."

☞ Well, Sambo, how do you like your new place?" "O, berry well, Massa."—"What did you have for breakfast this morning?" "Why you see missis biled tree eggs for herself and gave me de broff."

☞ The power of sympathy on children is wonderful. No one can do anything with them, who does not know how to awaken it.

Altoona Tribune.

ALTOONA, PA.

THURSDAY, JULY 24, 1862.

Ungratefulness of Rebellion and the Patriot's Duty.

The fresh air of our own mountain home is being breathed around us—the flowers in field, garden and wood are shedding their fragrance and blushing with beauty—the golden grain invites the shining sickle, while busy hands are gathering in the fruits of a plenteous harvest. Nature is every where arrayed in smiles, as if to show how kind a good God can be to erring man. As we have been meditating on these things, we have also been led to inquire, why it is, with all these glorious gifts showered down upon them, coupled with the benign influence of the best government ever instituted on earth, that some men are still so unsatisfied, as to raise the banner of rebellion and cast a gloom over all the beauty and brightness thus thrown around them?

How happy might we be as a people to-day, but for the curse of an unholy rebellion. As it is, how many hearts are robed in sadness—how many eyes are filled with tears. Surely something akin to that which caused Lucifer, Son of the Morning, to rebel against the pure government of Jehovah, must have entered into the hearts of the wicked conspirators who, through their evil machinations, have caused a portion of this fair land to be laid waste, while its fields are crimsoned with human gore.

We can but think that Satan must have called a council in his chambers of darkness, in order to devise some means whereby truth might be subverted, and human government rendered less capable of ministering to the happiness of mankind—in which council, after due consideration, it was determined to elect some of those who had long fed from Uncle Sam's public crib, that, as traitors, they might be made the, alas! too willing, instruments to accomplish the hellish designs of his Satanic Majesty. 'Tis thus that a few Southern demagogues, aided, we doubt not, by Northern friends, have been set at work, with what success the records of to-day but too plainly tell. But though dark clouds may gather now, we still feel confident that truth will, in the end, prevail—rebellion be crushed out, and our Government established more firmly than ever before. It may cost millions of treasure yet, and the blood of thousands of our best citizens may be spilled, but when the contest is ended, we feel that we must come out "as gold tried in the fire."

But what, in view of the present state of affairs, is the duty of every loyal American citizen? Not, assuredly, to prowl around like vultures, to feed upon the carcass of the slain, nor yet, for their own gain, to strike more deeply the lancet into the veins of a government, even now, bleeding at every pore. Nor is it his duty to sit at home in his easy chair, to grumble at those who have gone forth in the name of God and liberty, periling their lives to sustain our free institutions.

It is remarkably easy for men at home, in the heart of the old Keystone State, to demand that the army be kept out of the swamps, and to cry aloud for it to press on, and storm the enemy's entrenchments. But we predict, that if some of those who make the most noise on this subject, were placed in the front ranks, it would require a great amount of urging, and no little pushing, to make any advance at all, unless they could see some place in the swamps where they could advance to *hide*. And we furthermore predict, that if an order were given to retreat, they would be among the first to obey, and show themselves at least full men—*on a run*. Shame on such characters, who thus give aid and comfort to the enemy. There will undoubtedly be some mistakes made. Our best generals and wisest legislators, like other men, are not infallible. We cannot justly look for perfection in them, and he who asks it only exhibits his own imperfections.

What then, we ask again, is the duty of every loyal American citizen? We answer, to calmly consider and to promptly act. We have always thought that *that man* displays his patriotism to the greatest advantage who says least and does most. All cannot go to the battle field. Nor is it best that all should. Our farms must be tilled and our manufactories kept in motion in order that food, clothing and the weapons of war may be provided for those who have gone, and our railroads must be manned for the purpose of forwarding these supplies. Yet there are many who can go, and, we are persuaded, many who will go, not being willing to stand idly by and see the "dear old flag" trailed in the dust. To such we would say, now is the time to respond to the call for men to fill the depleted ranks. Forward march to the music of the Union, and

Strike till the last armed foe expires,
Strike for your altars and your fires,
Strike for the green graves of your sires,
God and your native land.

To wives, mothers, sisters and daughters, we would say, do not, by any act of yours, retard our glorious cause. What can home be to you without a country? It may be hard to give up those who are dear to you, but if duty demands the sacrifice, let it be made. Aye,

In this world's broad field of action,
In the bivouac of life,
Be not like dumb driven cattle,
But be *heroes* in the strife.

☞ Godey's Lady's Book, for August, is up to the expectations of the ladies, if not a little ahead. Godey imagines and gets up more useful and beautiful fashion plates and patterns for the ladies than the most of them would ever conceive of. To keep up with the times fully a lady must have the Book monthly. Price $3.00 per annum.

Will the publisher please send us the July No? Through some mistake, not intentional on his part we know, it failed to come to hand.

☞ To arms!—To arms!—Our Country calls!

Sons of Pennsylvania in New York City.

We publish with pleasure the following circular from the sons of Pennsylvania resident in New York City, who have reflected honor on their State by forming themselves into an association for the purpose of looking after and providing for the sick and wounded soldiers of Pennsylvania regiments, as they arrive at that point. The high character of the gentlemen connected with the association, and the benevolence of their mission, is a guarantee that everything sent to them will be appropriately distributed. We must expect to be heavily taxed in every respect, while the war continues, but we should consider no sacrifice too great to preserve our country or minister to the relief of those who go forth to brave the dangers of the battle-field:

NEW YORK HEAD-QUARTERS OF THE PENNSYLVANIA SOLDIERS' RELIEF ASSOCIATION.

Sir—The Sons of Pennsylvania resident in this City, have formed an Association, for the purpose of providing for the sick and wounded soldiers belonging to Pennsylvania Regiments, as they may from time to time arrive here, on their return from the seat of war to their homes. This Association depends for support entirely on voluntary contributions, and in view of the large demands sure to be made upon it during the Summer and Fall, we have felt impelled to appeal to the humanity and charity of the citizens of our native State, to send us at once, such contributions, in money and clothing, as they can spare.

Be pleased, Sir, to bring this matter to the attention of the residents of your City and county, by having this Circular published in your Newspapers and announced from the pulpits of your Churches, or in such other manner as may seem to you meet.

All contributions will be thankfully acknowledged. Should further information be desired relative to the Association, we refer you to His Excellency, Governor Curtin.

N. B.—Our Pennsylvania Soldiers here repeatedly ask for Pennsylvania Newspapers. You will be adding another favor to those already solicited, by sending us one or more papers published in your town, for the Soldier's use.

Very Respectfully, Your Ob't. Servt's.,
JNO. C. MONTGOMERY, Chairman,
STEPHEN P. RUSSEL, V. Chairman,
M. G. HART, Rec. Secretary,
MAX GOEPP, Cor. Secretary.

Executive Committee—J. Buck, R. H. Shannon, W. W. Selfridge, W. H. Arthur, C. W. Burton, L. A. Rosenmiller, J. L. Gossler, W. J. Bunce, A. T. Chur.

Finance Committee—R. Manley, Jr., 22 William street, J. L. Gossler, 1 Astor House, Penn. R. R., S. Milliken, Jr., 41 Exchange Place, T. Blanchard, 72 Duane street, R. Burkhalter, 188 Chamber street.

From the first report of the Executive Committee of the Association we learn that over 500 sick and wounded Pennsylvania soldiers have arrived at New York, of which number 268 have been sent to their homes, the others remaining in that city and at Albany. One donation of a box of lint, clothes, &c., has already been received. An accurate record of the names, residence, company and regiment is kept, and all letters of inquiry are answered as speedily as possible.

REPUBLICAN STATE CONVENTION.—The Harrisburg *Telegraph* comes to us with nearly five columns devoted to the proceedings of the Republican State Convention. The Hon. J. C. Knox was chosen permanent Chairman. The resolutions adopted by the Convention re-affirms the sentiments of the resolutions adopted by the loyal members of Congress, July 12th, 1862; express continued confidence in the honesty, capacity and patriotism of President Lincoln and his constitutional advisers, and approves the principles of foreign and domestic policy on which they have administered the government; approve of the administration of Governor Curtin, as marked by extraordinary vigor in the discharge of public duties, and untiring zeal in the cause of the country; acknowledge but two divisions of the people of the United States—those loyal and those disloyal; deprecate foreign intervention; compliment the navy, and approve of the manly course of Senator Wilmot, endorsing him as the true and faithful representatives of the sentiments of loyal Pennsylvania. Thomas E. Cochran was nominated for Auditor General unanimously, and William S. Ross, of Luzerne, for Surveyor General.

☞ The *Juniata Sentinel* has changed hands.—W. W. Davis, Esq., has vacated the editorial chair and is succeeded by Rev. A. L. Guss. Having entered and served our (the Senior's) apprenticeship, wrough some time as a journeyman and rose to the position of Junior Editor, in that office, we naturally feel as though we were meeting one of our own when we come across that paper, and since almost every subscriber thereto is our intimate acquaintance and friend we desire that they should always have a paper worthy of their support. The incoming editor was the playmate of our childhood, the schoolmate of our boyhood, and the companion of our riper years. We know him like a book well studied, and predict for him a bright and useful career on the editorial tripod. The patrons of the *Sentinel* will find in him a man worthy of their support. He has the ability to make the paper one of the very best, in a literary point of view, and sufficient discretion to conduct it to the best interests of those for whom he labors. We hope he may meet with better success than those who have preceded him.

☞ The *Bellefonte Watchman*, one of the most contemptible Jeff Davis truckling sheets with which we have ever defiled our fingers, says:—"From other sections of the country we have news of 'great uprisings' and of men enlisting by the hundred, but here all is quiet and nobody seems to be in the least concerned." We cannot believe that there is a township or town in the loyal States wherein the people are unconcerned as to the fate of the country, unless, perchance, there should be a locality inhabited by such truth-preverters and treason-abettors as the men who edit the *Watchman*. Nor would they be unconcerned. Their concern, however, would not be for the perpetuity of the Union, but for the success of the Southern Confederacy. If the people of Bellefonte, or Centre county, are at all imbued with the sentiments promulgated by the *Watchman*, we do not wonder that they are unconcerned, and that they are willing to let the Union slide. These conclusions are deduced from editorials which appear in the last number of that paper.

☞ Peterson's Ladies' National Magazine is published at the low price of $2.00 per annum, and we will bet a hat that there is not a lady in the country, who has been a subscriber to, or reader of it, that will not say that it is worth double that sum. The number for August is excellent, abounding in fashion plates, patterns, needle work, and interesting reading matter. C. J. Peterson, Philadelphia.

☞ The New York *Times* of the 18th instant, says that the following statement, which comes from an official source, may be relied upon as being a perfectly correct enumeration of the Union losses of killed, wounded and missing during the six days' battle before Richmond:

Corps of Gen. Franklin	2,737
Corps of Gen. Sumner	2,086
Corps of Gen. Keyes	777
Corps of Gen. Heintzelman	2,073
Corps of Gen. Porter	7,352
Corps of Cavalry	176
Corps of Engineers	23
Total	15,224

☞ In the early part of the week we had news from the West to the effect that the rebel gunboat Arkansas came out of the Yazoo river, attacked the Federal fleet and sunk or seriously damaged three boats, and escaped under cover of the guns of the battery at Vicksburg. The official account of the affair, as furnished by Capt. Wise, says that none of the boats of the Federal fleet were damaged, but that the rebel boat was pierced by a seven inch steel pointed shot. The Arkansas is one of the best boats belonging to the rebels, mounting twelve rifled 68 pounders.

CAPTURE OF GEN. MCCALL.—A letter received in Philadelphia, from Gen. George A McCall, concludes with the following account of his capture:

"After dark, the battle still raging on the right, I brought forward some 500 men, rallied by Lieut. Col. Thompson, and riding in advance, in the obscurity of the evening, I rode right into the Forty-seventh Virginia, drawn up under some trees, and so ended the chapter.

Proclamation by the Governor.

To sustain the Government in times of common peril, by all his energies, his means and his life, if need be, is the first duty of every loyal citizen.

The President of the United States has made a requisition on Pennsylvania for twenty-one new regiments, and the regiments already in the field must be recruited. Enlistments will be made for nine months in the new regiments and for twelve months in the old.

The existence of the present emergency is well understood. No patriot will pause now to investigate its causes. We must look to the future. Everything that is dear to us is at stake.

Under these circumstances I appeal with confidence to the Freemen of Pennsylvania. You have to save your homes and your firesides—your own liberties and those of the whole country.

I call on the inhabitants of the counties, cities, boroughs and townships throughout our borders to meet and take active measures for the immediate furnishing of the quota of the State.

Let those who cannot go themselves contribute to provide bounties, equal, at least, to those offered by adjoining States.

The Constitution prohibits me from drawing money from the Treasury without authority of law, and I will not cast a doubt on the patriotism of our citizens by assuming the necessity of calling the Legislature at this time.

This is no time to wait for Legislative action and the negotiation of loans. Delay might be fatal. To put down this rebellion is the business of every man in Pennsylvania; and her citizens will show on this occasion that they do not wait for the slow process of legislation, and do not desire to throw on the Treasury of the Commonwealth a burden which they are individually ready to bear themselves.

The conduct of our men already in the field has shed immortal lustre on Pennsylvania. Let their brethren fly to arms to support them, and make victory speedy as well as certain.

I designate below the number of companies which are expected from the several counties in the State, trusting the support of her honor in this crisis, (as it may be safely trusted,) to the loyalty, fidelity and valor of her freemen.

Whilst the quota of the several counties is fixed equitably so as to fill the requisition for twenty-one regiments, let not the loyal people of any county limit their exertions to the enlistment of the companies named.

Our heroic sons of Pennsylvania have moistened every battle field with their blood; thousands have bravely died defending the unity of the Republic and the sanctity of our flag, and other thousands have fallen sick and wounded, and their places filled.

Freemen of Pennsylvania! Friends of Government, of order, and of our common nationality! one earnest struggle and peace will again dawn upon us a happy, prosperous and united people.

Given under my hand and the great seal of the State at Harrisburg, this twenty-first (L. S.) day of July, in the year of our Lord one thousand eight hundred and sixty-two, and of the Commonwealth, the eighty-seventh.

A. G. CURTIN.

By the Governor.
ELI SLIFER,
Sec'y of the Commonwealth.

SCHEDULE OF APPORTIONMENTS.

Companies.		Companies.
Adams, 2	Juniata,	1
Alleghany, 15	Lancaster,	8
Armstrong, 1	Lawrence,	2
Beaver, 2	Lebanon,	2
Bedford, 2	Lehigh,	2
Berks, 6	Luzerne,	2
Blair, 2	Lycoming,	3
Bradford, 5	Mercer,	2
Bucks, 5	Mifflin,	1
Butler, 3	Monroe and Pike,	2
Cambria, 2	montgomery,	5
Carbon, 2	Montour,	1
Chester, 6	Northampton,	3
Centre, 2	Northumberland,	2
Clarion and Forcest, 2	Perry,	1
Clinton, 1	Philadelphia,	50
Clearfield, 1	Potter,	1
Columbia, 1	Schuylkill,	5
Crawford, 2	Snyder,	1
Cumberland, 2	Somerset,	2
Dauphin, 5	Sullivan and Wyoming,	1
Delaware, 2	Susquehanna,	2
Erie, 5	Tioga,	3
Elk and McKean, 1	Union,	1
Fayette, 1	Venango,	1
Franklin and Fulton, 5	Warren,	2
Greene, 1	Washington,	3
Huntingdon, 2	Wayne,	2
Indiana, 2	Westmoreland,	3
Jefferson, 1	York,	3

Very Important from Arizona.

WASHINGTON, July 21.

Positive information has been received here stating that General Carlton's expedition from California, consisting of ten companies of infantry, five of cavalry and a battery—regulars and volunteers—have reached Santa Barbara, in Arizona, in safty and fine condition. There General Carlton formed a junction with the forces under General Canby.

Their junction secures the driving of the rebels out of Mesilla Valley, Arizona, as well as out of the northern tier of the counties of Texas, and the restoration to the authority of the United States of Fort Fillmore, Arizona, and Fort Bliss, Texas.

VOLUNTEERING VERSUS DRAFTING.—Mr. Diven, member of Congress from this State, says the New York *Times*, who is engaged in raising volunteers among his constituents, has written a brief letter to a gentleman engaged in the same work, in which he remarks:—"Don't say that we must resort to drafting. *We have not the time to draft.*" There is no doubt of the truth of this remark. If men will volunteer with any sort of promptitude, the new muster can be raised much quicker in that way than by drafting. There would be many delays in the latter mode which do not appertain to volunteering. And as volunteering is the speediest mode of raising troops, it is consequently the best. The Secretary of State, in a note urging an officer to aid Mr. Diven, says:—"All is well if we instantly show our strength." This is the voice that comes from every quarter in which the circumstances of the case are known, and it is a voice which the country must heed.

A Fearful Scene.

The Pittsburgh *Chronicle* says that during the late exhibition of Van Amburgh's menagerie at Monongahela City, a fearful and exciting scene occurred. It appears that shortly after the audience had assembled, a terrific storm arose, which tore the canvass into rags, and threatened serious injury to the spectators. While the Storm King roared and revelled, one of the huge tigers got out of his cage, which added new terror to the scene. The vast assembly swayed from side to side, first to that part of the tent which had been blown off, and then to the main entrance. Some jumped from the top of the seats out through the opening between the top and the circular inclosure; others cut themselves a passage through the canvass, and all rushed with one accord for any place of escape, preferring to brave the storm to taking their chance for life amid the crashing timbers and furious wild beasts. Women shrieked for help and children cried; strong men looked pale, and taking the confusion of the multitude, and the raging of the storm, the scene was fearful and appalling. The keepers of the animals stood by the cages of these wild denizens of the woods and jungles with anxious looks. The man who kept the elephant Hannibal, stood in front of the huge brute with his hands upon his tusks, as pale as a corpse.—One of the lions had partaken of the excitement, and his glaring eyeballs, erect posture, and extended and flowing mane, gave an idea of how he looks in his native forest. The tiger which had escaped from his cage, was driven back by Mr. Van Amburgh into the same cage with this lion, and the king of the woods had put his huge paw upon him, and was holding him tight upon the floor. Nature, grand and terrible, was on exhibition at this show. After some moments of fearful confusion the storm ceased, and the audience separated, but not until several had been injured from being trampled on and bruised in the general confusion which prevailed. The editor of the *Republican* from whom we get the above account, fixes the damage done to dresses and bonnets alone, at two thousand dollars.

The Border State Minority.

The minority of the Border State Representatives, in their reply to the President's emancipation proposition, say that they cannot, consistently with their own sense of duty to the country, under the existing perils which surround them, concur in the response of the majority, who do not endorse the policy. The minority believe the whole power of the Government, upheld and sustained by all the influence and means of all the loyal men in all sections and of all parties, is essentially necessary to put down this rebellion and preserve the Union and the Constitution. They understand the President's appeal was made to them for the purpose of securing this result. They meet the President's address in the spirit in which it was made, and as loyal Americans declare to him and the world that there is no sacrifice they are not ready to make to save the Government and institutions of our fathers; that they, though few in number, will permit no men from the North or the South to go further than they in the accomplishment of the great work before us. That in order to carry out these views, they will, as fas as may be in their power, ask the people of the Border States calmly, deliberately and fairly to consider the President's recommendation.

We are, they say in conclusion, the more emboldened to assume this position, from the fact, now become history, that the leaders of the Southern rebellion have offered to abolish slavery among them as a condition to foreign intervention in favor of their independence as a nation. If they can give up slavery to destroy the Union, we can surely ask our people to consider the question of emancipation to save the Union. This paper is signed by Representative Noel, of Missouri, Clemmens, of Tennessee, Brown, Blair and Whalley, of Virginia, Casey, of Kentucky, and Fisher, of Delaware. It is said that Representative Maynard and Senator Henderson express views equally, if not more, favorable.

From General McClellan's Army.

WASHINGTON, July 21, 1862.

A gentleman who arrived here this afternoon left McClellan's head-quarters on Saturday morning. He states that General McClellan is not the least dashed at the turn events have taken, but is more confident than ever that *he will capture Richmond* as soon as his army is properly recruited.—Whenever he appears on the field the men pay him a perfect ovation. Even the sick and wounded raise their caps and crutches and shout for him. He is perfectly idolized by the men under his command, as they are anxious and eager for him to lead them into battle. Their confidence in him has never been shaken. The troops are daily improving in health. General McClellan receives all his supplies with great regularity. The men are now furnished with most excellent rations.—They are served with fresh beef four times a week.

The rebels are making a desperate effort to blockade the James river. They are continually erecting new batteries in new positions, but they are invariably silenced by a few shells from our gunboats. General McClellan says the rebels will never be able to close the James river against him. The position now held by our army is a most secure one. The only point of attack the rebels have is an open space of about a quarter of a mile which they cannot enter in sufficient force to dislodge our troops. The guns mounted at this point would mow the rebels down as rapidly as they could march up.

The Buell and Mitchell Quarrel.

The Cincinnati *Times* thus alludes to the quarrel between Generals Buell and Mitchell:—It is now stated that the cause of Gen. Mitchell's visit to Washington was a disagreement between him and Buell. He tendered his resignation, and was at once ordered to report at Washington. He will not return to the Army of the Ohio, and his division will likely be placed in command of the gallant Rousseau. Buell and Mitchell never did agree. With all his virtues and great merits, Mitchell is strongly tinctured with vanity, and does not like to play second fiddle to any one. In Kentucky he was constantly making "suggestions" to his commander, and was ill at ease unless charged with a special expedition, when he was free to act upon his own responsibility.

A story is told which illustrates the feeling between the two Generals. When the army of the Ohio was in Kentucky, Mitchell called upon Buell and remarked: "General I have always been in the habit of thinking very much. I am restless unless my mind is occupied. I should like to know something of the plans of the campaign, that I may occupy my thought with it." "General," coolly replied Buell, "you can *think* about the management of your own division." And that ended the conversation.

ONE HONORABLE CONTRACTOR.—The Secretary of War, in a letter of the 16th, acknowledges the receipt of a check for $25,290 60 from W. H. Aspinwall, of the firm of Howland & Aspinwall, being his share of the profits in a contract with the Government for furnishing a quantity of Enfield rifles from Europe, in the early part of the rebellion. In transmitting his check Mr. Aspinwall says:—"In accordance with the determination previously expressed, not to receive any pecuniary benefit for services rendered or risk incurred, in behalf of either department of the Government I herewith remit you the amount which has this day been paid me as profit on my interest in the arms thus imported and sold to the War Department, viz: a check on the Bank of America for $25,260 60.

INCREASE OF BOUNTY.—The State of Maine has increased the bounty from $30 in new regiments, and $35 in old regiments, to $45 per man in new regiments, and $55 for old regiments.

☞ The rebels are making a raid into the State of Indiana, and are threatening other loyal States.

A ROUSH, DRUGGIST,

takes this opportunity of returning his thanks to the citizens of this place and vicinity, for the liberal patronage they have bestowed on him, and desires to inform the public in general, that he still continues

At his Old Place of Business,

A few Doors above the Post-Office,

where he is at all times prepared to attend to their wants in his line of business, consisting of

DRUGS, MEDICINES, OILS, PAINTS, PUTTY, VARNISHES, DYE-STUFFS, PERFUMERY, PATENT MEDICINES, EXTRACTS, CARBON OIL AND LAMPS. SWEET-BRIAR PIPES, CHOICE SMOKING TOBACCO.

LIQUORS,

FOR MEDICINAL USE, ALWAYS ON HAND.

Physicains Prescriptions

CAREFULLY COMPOUNDED, AT ALL HOURS OF THE DAY OR NIGHT

Altoona, Pa., April 17, 1862.

HARDWARE—HARDWARE!

HARDWARE

CHARLES J. MANN,

DEALER IN FOREIGN AND DOMESTIC HARDWARE, WOODEN WARE, BROOMS, WINDOW SHADES, DOOR MATS, UPHOLSTERING GOODS, SHOE FINDINGS, COFFIN TRIMMINGS, MOULDERS' TOOLS, BIRD CAGES AND WIRE GOODS, WINDOW GLASS, PUTTY, WHITE LEAD, &C., &C.

☞ Every description of Goods in his line will be furnished at short notice, and at low rates for cash.

His remaining stock of DRY GOODS on hand will be closed out at remarkably low prices, in order to relinquish that branch of the business.

Agent for Willson's "Telegraph Fodder Cutter."

Altoona, May 29th, 1862.

ONWARD! EVER ONWARD! STEP BY STEP!

THE UNDERSIGNED DESIRES TO inform his old customers and the public generally that he has this spring gone into the Dry Good business, and has just received a large and entirely new stock of

Dress Goods

For the Ladies, embracing all the latest, prettiest and most

FASHIONABLE PATTERNS.

And among which may be found every quality of goods, the names of which it would be too tedious to enumerate. In the line of pure, fresh and cheap

GROCERIES & PROVISIONS

I will not "knock under" to any of my competitors. In this department I feel sure that I can render satisfaction. All kinds of country produce taken in exchange for goods, and the highest market price allowed.

Store on the corner of Annie and Heiss streets, East Altoona.

Altoona, May 22, 1862. THOMAS HESLOP.

W. M. GORMLY,

WHOLESALE GROCER,

DEALER IN

FLOUR, GRAIN, SEED, BACON, SUGAR-CURED HAMS, MESS PORK, BEEF, CHEESE, IRON, NAILS, WHALE, TANNERS' & CARBON OIL,

NO. 271, LIBERTY STREET,

(*Opposite Eagle Hotel,*)

HAVING PURCHASED THE INTEREST OF HIS LATE partners, will continue the business at the old stand, and will be pleased to receive the patronage of his old friends and customers.

PITTSBURGH, June 5, 1862—3m

BUILDING LOTS FOR SALE.—The subscribers offer at Private Sale EIGHT BUILDING LOTS, situate on the top of the hill, above the reservoir of the Altoona Gas & Water Company, being now held as property by the Presbyterian Church. The lots are fifty feet front by 175 feet deep, and will be sold on reasonable terms. Persons wishing to purchase or view these lots will receive all information concerning them by applying to Michael Clabaugh, R. H. McCormick, Alexander McCormick, or Chas. J. Mann, Trustees of Presbyterian Church. [Altoona, April 3, 1862.

ADMINISTRATOR'S NOTICE.—Notice is hereby given, that Letters of Administration on the Estate of SAMUEL WILT, late of the Boro' of Altoona, dec'd, have been granted to the undersigned, residing as aforesaid. All persons knowing themselves indebted to said Estate are requested to make immediate payment, and those having claims will present them, duly authenticated, for settlement. MARTIN RUNYEN,

Altoona, July 3, 1862–6t.] Administrator.

DRIED APPLES.—The subscribers have a fine lot of bright yellow DRIED APPLES, bought at much less than market rates, and which they desire to close out, at cost and carriage, without delay. Persons desiring to purchase, either at wholesale or retail, will find it to their advantage to give us a call.

Altoona, June 26, 1862.] MURPHY & MCPIKE.

OUR LADY FRIENDS WOULD DO well to look in upon the choice and chaste assortment of Summer DRESS GOODS now displayed upon the well-filled shelves of MURPHY & MCPIKE,

Cor. of Virginia and Caroline sts.

Altoona, June 26, 1862.

A REGULAR MEETING OF THE ALTOONA FAIR VIEW CEMETERY ASSOCIATION will be held on the second Thursday evening of each month, in the Council Room. M. CLABAUGH,

JAS. LOWTHER, President.

Secretary. [May 15–'62]

GROCERIES AND PROVISIONS.—A large and varied stock of FRESH GROCERIES AND PROVISIONS, just received, and for sale as cheap as the cheapest, at MURPHY & MCPIKE'S Store,

Cor. of Virginia and Caroline sts.

Altoona, June 26, 1862.

MUSIC!—INSTRUCTIONS GIVEN on the Piano-Forte and Melodeon, by Miss M. SHOEMAKER. TERMS, $10 per quarter. No charge for the use of the Instrument. Residence on Catharine Street, West Altoona. [Jan. 16, 1862.–tf.

PASTURE.—Persons wishing Pasture for CATTLE, or Meadow-Grass for Hay, can be supplied by applying to LEWIS GWIN,

two miles North of Altoona.

May 27th, 1862.

NEW SUMMER GOODS, of superior style and material, just rec'd at LAUGHMAN'S.

GREAT PILES OF PANTALOONS, for Men and Boys, at LAUGHMAN'S.

MEN AND BOYS' COATS, of every style and color, of good quality, at LAUGHMAN'S.

A COMPLETE ASSORTMENT OF Gent's Model Improved SHIRTS—Cassimere and Muslin Shirts—fine and coarse—white and colored—at LAUGHMAN'S.

NEW STOCK OF BOOTS & SHOES for Men and Boys, Ladies and Misses, just rec'd at LAUGHMAN'S.

ALL STYLES CARPETING AND Oil-Cloths can be found at LAUGHMAN'S.

A GENERAL ASSORTMENT OF Jewelry, Hair and Clothes Brushes, Combs, Pocket-knives, &c., at LAUGHMAN'S

NEW AND IMPROVED STYLES of Trunks, Valises and Carpet-Bags, at LAUGHMAN'S.

UMBRELLAS AND PARASOLS, in endless variety, at LAUGHMAN'S.

Altoona, May 1, 1862.

LINDSEY'S IMPROVED

BLOOD SEARCHER,

A SURE CURE FOR

Cancer, Cancerous Formations, Scrofula, Cutaneous Diseases, Erysipelas, Boils, Pimples on the Face, Sore Eyes, Tetter Affections, Scald Head, Dyspepsia, Costiveness, Old and Stubborn Ulcers, Rheumatic Disorders, Jaundice, Salt Rheum, Mercurial Diseases, General Debility, Liver Complaint, Loss of Appetite, Low Spirits, Female Complaints, Epilepsy or Fits, Paralysis or Palsy, Syphilitic Diseases and Caries of the Bones,

Together with all other diseases having their origin in a depraved condition of the blood or circulatory system.

CASE OF DANIEL A. BOYD.

PITTSBURGH, December 31, 1861.

DR. G. H. KEYSER:—I take pleasure in making this voluntary statement in favor of a medicine prepared by you called "LINDSEY'S BLOOD SEARCHER." I had suffered for five years with Scrofula which broke out on my head and forehead so as to disfigure me very much, and took off the hair when the disease made its appearance; it also broke out on my arm above and below the elbow, and eat into the skin and flesh so as to expose a fearful sore. The disease on my head went so far that several small pieces of bone came out. I was very weak and low spirited, and had given up all hope of ever getting well, as I had tried several skilful physicians and they did me no good. In September last, 1861, I was induced to try "LINDSEY'S IMPROVED BLOOD SEARCHER." I must confess I had no faith in patent medicines, but after I had used three bottles of Blood Searcher, the ulcers on my head and arm began to heal. I have now taken eight or ten bottles, and my head and arm are entirely well except the scars remaining from the sores. I will also state that I had the rheumatism very bad in my arms and legs. The Blood Searcher also cured the rheumatism. I am now a well man, over forty years of age, and I feel as supple and young as I did when I was twenty, and have increased in weight twenty pounds. I would also state that the disease in my forehead was so bad that when I stooped and lifted anything heavy, the blood run out of the sore. Dr. Keyser had a photograph taken of me by Mr. Cargo, the artist, after I began to get well. It does not show my appearance as bad as it was before I commenced taking the medicine. You can see the photograph, one of which is now in my possession, and also at Dr. Keyser's 140 Wood street. I would also state that I took the Blood Searcher which was made before Dr. Keyser commenced making it. Although it helped me some, I did not recover fast until I got the kind made by Dr. Keyser himself. One bottle of his did me more good than two of the old. I believe it is a great deal stronger and better. I have recommended the Blood Searcher to a great many of my friends for various diseases, and I believe it has helped the whole of them. You may publish this if you wish, and I am anxious that all who are afflicted as I was may be cured. I live in this city, No. 4 Pine street, and am employed at Collville & Anderson's Union Marble Works, 54 Wayne street.

DANIEL A. BOYD.

A BLIND MAN CURED.

I live in Sligo, at Clinton Mill, and have been nearly blind in both eyes for nearly four years. I called on Dr. Keyser about three months ago and asked him to give me directions to the Institution for the Blind in Philadelphia. He told me that I need not go to Philadelphia to get well, as he had medicine that would cure me, as he said my disease was in the blood. I was treated for it two or three times in the hospital in this city, and was relieved, but my disease always returned after a month or two after I came out of the hospital. I found my disease was returning and I called, by the advice of a good friend of mine, on Dr. Keyser, who has restored my sight, and my eyes are nearly as well as ever. The Doctor gave me "Lindsey's Blood Searcher" and a wash.

DAVID KINNOLLY.

Clinton Mills, Sligo.

Pittsburg, July 5, 1861.

Witness—E. F. M'Elroy, Anderson street, Allegheny City.

A BAD SORE LEG CURED.

PITTSBURGH, September 18, 1861.—I hereby certify that I have had a sore leg for over a year. It was covered with ulcers and sores so that I could not work for nearly a year. My leg swelled so that I was unable to do anything for a long time, for at least six months. I tried several of the best doctors in the city, but without any benefit; finally I called on Dr. Keyser, at No. 140 Wood street, who only attended me about two weeks, and gave me but two bottles of medicine, and I am now entirely well and have contined so for six months. I am employed at the Eagle Engine House, on Fourth street, where any one can see me.

THOMAS FARRELL.

CANCER CURED.

A LETTER FROM ENGLAND.—Mr. John Pope, of Blaenavon, near Montypool, Monmontshire, England, writes as follows:

SIR:—An old woman in this place has wished me to write you respecting LINDSEY'S BLOOD SEARCHER, from which she found great benefit, and wishes to have a little more. She has been suffering from a disease of a cancerous nature for the last six or seven years. Her daughter, who is living in America, obtained it for her, and sent her eighteen bottles. She is now quite out of it, and I have written to her daughter twice and have received no answer; of course she is anxious to get more, to get completely cured. I told her I would write to you for the agency in this country, and she felt very much pleased to hear me say so. I now beg to ask you on what terms you will supply me; you will please bear in mind the carriage, and supply me as cheap as possible. The carriage on the one dozen bottles was £1 8s 6d. The medicine was a present from her daughter. I would like to have the Blood Searcher in a jar or small cask, if you can send it in that way, or in pint or quart bottles. I will send a bill through bank or registered letter, which ever will be most convenient to you, if you will send me carrier's receipt of the parcel as security. I would send you a stamp to answer this, but as it is uncertain of this reaching you, on account of the country being in six and sevens, a term which is commonly used, you will be kind enough to charge me with the postage.

Yours, respectfully,

[Signed] JOHN POPE.

[We have seen the letter which is published in to-day's *Dispatch*, from John Pope, and believe it to be genuine.—*Editors Dispatch Pittsburgh.*

☞ *Look for Dr. Keyser's name over the corks to prevent being imposed upon.*

Prepared and sold by Dr GEORGE H. KEYSER, Pittsburgh, Pa.

Sold in Altoona by A. ROUSH and G. W. KESSLER; in Hollidaysburg by J. R. PATTON and JACOB ENTRIS.

June 26, 1862.–1y.

Altoona Tribune

PRINTED ON Campbell's $650 "Country Press.

TRIBUNE POWER-PRES

CARD & JOB

PRINTING OFFICE.

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Wedding, Invitation, Visiting, Ball & Business Car

Circulars, Programmes, MAMMOTH POSTERS, SALE BILL BILL AND LETTER-HEADS Pamphlets, Pay and Check Roll BLANK BOOKS, MANIFESTS, AND BLANKS OF ALL KIND

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Office in Lowther's building, corner of Virginia and A ule streets, opposite Superintendent's Office.

LOCAL ITEMS.

GRAND

Mass War Meeting

TO BE HELD IN ALTOONA, On Saturday Even'g, July 26th AT 7 O'CLOCK.

PRELIMINARY MEETING.—Pursuant to notice, a number of the citizens of Altoona met at Mr. John Shoemaker's store, in the Masonic Temple, on Tuesday afternoon, to take action in reference to holding a Grand Mass War Meeting in this place on Saturday evening next, July 26th.

On motion, Dr. Wm. R. Findley was called to the Chair, and A. Roush and E. B. McCrum appointed Secretaries.

On motion, a committee of nine, consisting of Messrs. C. J. Mann, D. Laughman, John Shoemaker, Geo. W. Patton, Geo. W. Kessler, James Lowther, John. F. Bowman, James L. Gwin and Jos. G. Adlum, was appointed to invite speakers for the occasion and draft a poster to be printed and circulated throughout the country.

On motion, a committee of five, consisting of Messrs. C. R. Hostetter, A. A. Smyth, John Woods, B. F. Rose and Geo. W. Sparks, was appointed to invite bands and glee club for the occasion.

On motion, a committee of twelve, consisting of Capt. Jacob Szink, Messrs. C. R. McCrea, Joseph Smith F. W. Rauch, Johnston Moore, John Loudon, George Hartzell, A. Maxwell, James Kearney, Jacob Hesser, John Condo and A. A. Smyth was appointed to select the place for holding the meeting and make all necessary arrangements in the way of stands for the speakers and music and seats for the accommodation of the ladies.

On motion, a committee of seven, consisting of Messrs. Wm. H. Wilson, E. B. McCrum, Dr. J. M. Gemmill, Ralph Greenwood, B. F. Custer, D. J. Neff and S. M. Woodkok, was appointed a committee to draft a series of resolutions expressive of the sense of the people of this locality, to be presented for adoption by the mass meeting.

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Yours, respectfully,
JOHN PAGE.

...r which is published in forward, ...and believe it to be genuine.

Altoona Tribune.

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At the time we go to press we have not been furnished with the programme of the Mass Meeting, the time, since the holding of the preliminary meeting, being too short to have everything completed. Posters will be issued to-day containing particulars.

We may say, however, that the committee to invite speakers have received favorable replies from Hon. S. Calvin, of Hollidaysburg, John Scott, Esq., of Huntingdon, Hon. L. W. Hall and D. J. Neff, S. M. Woodkok and L. M. Stewart, Esqs., and Revs. Clark, Ehrenfeld, Kephart, Spotswood, Sembower and Tuigg, of this place. They are also in correspondence with Hon. John C. Kunkel, of Harrisburg, and from intimations given out by Gov. Curtin, it is thought he will be present.

The meeting will be held in front of the Post Office, and seats for the accommodation of the ladies will be placed on the sidewalk opposite.

The Altoona Brass Band will be in attendance and enliven the occasion by performing National airs, and we confidently expect that a large glee club, accompanied by Bohler's String Band, will cheer the audience by singing patriotic songs.

Everything which can will be done by the committees to make this a grand exhibition of the patriotism of the people of this section of the loyal Old Keystone. Business men, desert your counters and desks; mechanics, drop your tools; farmers, lay down your sickles and scythes and turn out *en masse*, and let the news be published abroad that "little Blair" is awake to the importance of the struggle in which the Nation is now engaged, and that her citizens are determined to do their duty in the field, and in taking care of the families which soldiers may leave behind.

COL. HIGGINS' REGIMENT.—We learn from Col. Higgins that he has now eight companies under way, for his regiment, and confidently expects to be among the first in the field under the new requisition. Our acquaintance with the Colonel has led us to form a high opinion of him as a man and a military officer. We know him to be strict in the performance of his own duties, and requiring the same of his men. Strictness leads to perfection in military drill, and this is all the better for the soldier. Having seen actual service, and been under fire in the Mexican war, he has a knowledge of the excitement of a battle field, and will thus be enabled to lead his men more cooly into battle.—We hope the Colonel may meet with good success in recruiting, and we feel certain that he will come out of the war creditably.

ANOTHER REGIMENT.—We learn from the Hollidaysburg *Register* that Lieut. John McKeage is now enlisting men under the new call, with the view of raising a regiment. He served in the three month's service and is a thoroughly drilled infantry officer. Should Lieut. McKeage and Col. Higgins both meet with success in recruiting, this county will be pretty well drained of fighting men.

AT HOME.—Rev. R. W. Oliver, Rector of St. Luke's Episcopal Church, in this place, who went out as chaplain to the the 31st Pa. Reg., and now occupies the position of brigade chaplain, in Gen. Couch's division, was at home two days during the past week, on business. He looks hearty and reports affairs in a favorable condition on the James River. He filled his pulpit in his church on Sunday morning and evening. Previous to entering upon his evening discourse, he briefly referred to the late six days engagement before Richmond, for the purpose of relieving himself, as far as possible, from the necessity of having to repeat his account of what he had seen, and his view of affairs, to his friends singly. During the entire engagement, and in fact in all the engagements on the Peninsula, he occupied the position of a Major, on Gen. Couch's staff, and thus had a good opportunity to witness the battle scenes.

He stated that it was impossible to correctly portray, or imagine, the scenes on a field of battle.—Although he had been in the midst of them they now passed before his mind's eye more like a dream than a reality. The excitement of the occasion prevents the participant from fixing his eye or mind on one particular locality or scene, while all thought of self-preservation is forgotten by the true soldier.

In reference to the surgeons in the army, he said that there were many who were a disgrace to that noble profession. While some of the surgeons labored night and day, without rest, in ministering to the suffering soldiers, there were others devoid of the common feelings of humanity, who, when he entreated them, would not leave their regiments to attend the wants of a wounded or dying soldier, and would not attend to their own as they should. He said he could and would give the names of those derelict in their duty, and he mentioned the matter for the purpose of awakening the public mind to a sense of the fealful want in this respect. All of us can realize the importance of having good surgeons in the army, and we think a knowledge of such inhuman conduct should raise such a storm about the ears of the Surgeon General, or whoever has the appointing power, as would cause him quickly to rid the army of these more than contemptible quacks, who sought positions in the army because they could not make a living by following their profession at home, and who care for nothing but the salary they draw. The lives of many of the noble men in the army demand that this crying evil should be remedied. Put them out! In the name of humanity, put them out!

He alluded to the confidence which the entire army, officers and privates, placed in their noble commander-in-chief, Gen. McClellan, and deprecated the manner in which his plans had been interfered with, and that, had he been permitted to carry out his programme the war might now be at an end. He reported the army as rapidly increasing in healthfulness, vigor and spirits. There was no grumbling or despairing of success among the soldiers. That was the business of men outside of, and away from, the army, and the further away the worse. There was more complaining and despairing in Philadelphia than in Washington, and more here than in Philadelphia. Coming from such a source we regard these assertions as entirely correct, and hope that they will have the effect to cause the grumblers and croakers in this region to follow the example of frog ponds at this season and "dry up."

He spoke of the complaints lodged against Gen. McClellan for keeping his amy in the swamps before Richmond, and excused that action by stating that outside of the present position of the army there was little else than swamps, between the York and James Rivers, all the way to Richmond, and that the best positions to be found had at all times been given the men. Persons away from the army might criticise the General's actions, but those who were with him on the ground were likely to know best, and so long as they had no complaints to make, others had no cause to do so.

We hope the answers given by Mr. Oliver to the critics of the day will have a righteous effect, and that this eternal (we had almost said infernal) fault-finding by stay-at-home patriots (?) will cease, at least in this locality; or, if they cannot resist their propensity to grumble, let them take their places in the front ranks of the Army of the Potomac and teach Gen. McClellan his duty and give him instructions in military tactics.

THE WAY TO DO IT.—At a Mass War Meeting held in Harrisburg a few evenings since, it was announced that a subscription paper had been placed on the Secretary's desk, to which men were appending their names and placing opposite the amount of money they were willing to contribute to a fund to be given as a bounty to volunteers under the new call. Quite a rush was made to the desk, and on footing up the amount, at the close of the meeting, it was found that near $9,000 had been subscribed. There is now some inducement for men to enlist in Dauphin county, and we wish to offer the same inducement to men in Altoona. We propose that at the meeting on Saturday evening a subscription paper be placed on the Secretary's desk, and that every man who is able to give anything, and who does not wish to go to war, will come forward and contribute to a fund for the support of the families of men who volunteer from this place. Can anything be more reasonable than this? All men have the same interest in the preservation of the Union, and while some are offering their lives in its defence, should not those who remain at home contribute of their means to secure the comfort of the families of those who go to war. Consider the matter, gentlemen, and be ready on Saturday evening to make a sacrifice of your luxuries for the cause of your country, in order that you may reward those who are offering to sacrifice their lives. The greatest sacrifice you can make in money will not be equal to theirs.

PROMOTED.—It is with pleasure we announce that the President has appointed Col. C. Fager Jackson, of the 9th Penna. Reserves, a Brigadier General. Col. Jackson is well known to most of our citizens, having for a number of years occupied the position of conductor on the Western Division, P. R. R. When the war broke out he recruited a company in Pittsburgh, and was afterwards, on the organization of the 9th Reserve Regiment, elected its Colonel. He possesses all the necessary military qualifications for the position.

PERSONAL.—The friends of George B. Cramer, Esq., and there are many in this place, were gratified on receiving a visit from him a few days since. His new position evidently agrees with him, if we may judge from his improved appearance in health. Perhaps he gets better living down there about the city than he did up here. Be that as it may, we know that he treats his friends most hospitably when they call on him.

RELIEF FOR THE SOLDIERS.—We have heard complaints that boxes of clothing and luxuries forwarded to the various hospitals for the sick and wounded soldiers, have not arrived at their destination. This may be the case in some instances, and should serve to make people careful in directing boxes plainly and entrusting them to competent and honorable persons, rather than deter them from continuing the good work. That the last donation arrived safely the following note will show:

READING, July 14, 1862.

MR. KERR:—I have the pleasure of acknowledging, through you, a valuable contribution from the ladies of Altoona, for the hospital at Reading. The articles were in beautiful order and reflect much credit on the donors. Allow me, in the name of the sick and wounded, to thank the ladies, and although they may never know the comfort they have given, they will have the happy assurance of having done their part in alleviating the sufferings of our brave soldiers.

Very Respectfully,
MARIA W. BROOKE,
Sec'y Soldier's Aid Association.

The fact that this box arrived safely at its destination, and the assurance of the Secretary that it would afford so much comfort to the sick and wounded, should encourage our ladies to proceed immediately to fill up another box for this or some other hospital. Remember, ladies, that there is no likelihood that more will be forwarded than is needed, if, indeed, there should be half enough. You can have but a faint idea of the amount of misery you may relieve. Think not that because you have no near relative in any of the hospitals that you are not particularly interested. The relatives, and, in many cases, the only support of others, who are too poor to go to see them or send them any delicacies, are there, and your contribution may, in the providence of God, be the means of reviving the sinking spirits of some poor soldier by causing him to believe that he is not forsaken and forgotten by those for whose welfare he fought and now suffers. Wife, mother, sister, imagine your husband, son or brother the inmate of one of these hospitals, suffering for want of the luxuries you do not need. The relatives of the poor are equally dear to them, and since they have contracted disease or been maimed in protecting our country, we all owe them an equal debt. Mr. Kerr will attend to packing and shipping another box; therefore, send along you glasses of jellies, canned tomatoes, dried fruit, underclothes, pillows, pads, lint, etc., at once, as precious lives may be saved thereby. Could you hear the blessings bestowed upon the donors of these hospital stores, you would be willing to deny yourselves of all luxuries in order that the soldiers might be supplied.

A NOBLE PROPOSITION.—We were informed a few evenings since, that a proposition has been made among the road employees, on the Penn'a Rail Road, to contribute one day's pay in each month toward a fund to be appropriated as a bounty to the volunteers from this State. It strikes us that this is a noble proposition, and we should like to hear of it becoming a general matter among the employees of the road in every department. The amount is so small and the manner of paying so easy that all could go into it. When we consider that there are some six thousand men in the employ of the company and that the average contribution of each man would be about $1.33, we have a total of $8,000 a month. Suppose every mechanic in the state, who has steady employment at the good wages now paid, should fall in with the proposition of the road men, what an immense fund could be raised. We hope to see the road men carry out the proposition. It will reflect honor upon them.

ALTOONA COMPANY.—Capt. Jacob Szink is now recruiting a company in this place for the nine month's service, and wishes to obtain immediately the requisite number of sound healthy men to fill up the ranks. Capt. S. served in the three-month's service and is therefore perfectly posted in military tactics, and what is equally important to know, he was universally liked by the men under him. Those of our young men who want to enlist cannot find a better officer into whose hands to entrust themselves. He cares for his men, will treat them like men and see that they get the best accommodations to be had. Fall in line, men, under a man whom you know. The Captain has the prospect of speedily filling up his company, but he wants good men.

CLOSE YOUR STORES.—In order that every person may have an opportunity to attend the Grand Mass War Meeting on Saturday evening next, we suggest to the store-keepers, shop-keepers, saloon-keepers, and keepers of all other places of business, that they immediately post notices on their doors informing their customers that their doors will positively be closed at 7 o'clock on said evening. The public knowing this will attend to making their purchases before that time, and there will be no loss or disappointment to any one. Act upon this, gentlemen, and encourage the cause of your country by lending your presence for a couple of hours at the Mass Meeting.

RESIGNED.—We are sorry to learn that Captain James Cramer, the "model" conductor of the Branch Train between this place and Hollidaysburg, has tendered his resignation of that position, to take effect on the 1st of August. Jim has been so long on that train that he appears like a permanent institution of the Branch, and he will be seriously missed by the travellers on that route. No more whole-souled, gentlemanly type of man can be found than he, and we but re-echo the sentiment of all who knew him when we wish him abundant prosperity and long life in whatever business he may hereafter engage.

GLEE CLUB FOR THE MASS MEETING.—Arrangements are now being made to form a Glee Club to sing patriotic National airs at the Grand Mass War Meeting, on Saturday evening. A meeting for the purpose of practising will be held in the Methodist Church this (Thursday) evening and to-morrow evening, to which all the singers in the town are respectfully and urgently invited.—The members of the choirs in the different Churches are particularly requested to join in the club. Mr. Bohler's string band has been invited, and will join with the club. Turn out, ladies and gentlemen, and make this club what it should be.

☞ When people get their names in the newspaper too often they are likely to obtain notoriety, and the character of that notoriety depends upon the circumstances connected with their names.—Andy Clabaugh gets his name in this paper pretty often, and so he should, as people will then know that he keeps a periodical, notion and confectionary store in Brant's corner, where can be had the latest daily, weekly and monthly papers, etc.

CAMP-MEETING.—The annual Camp-meeting of Birmingham Circuit, M. E. Church, will be held on the old camp-ground near Birmingham station, P. R. R., commencing on Friday, August 15th. Tents, &c., will be carried free by the Pennsylvania Rail Road Company, to and from the camp. Every accommodation will be afforded to persons from other districts and stations, and all are cordially invited to attend.

The Camp-Meeting Committee will meet on the ground on the first Saturday (2d) of August, at 9 o'clock A. M., at which time and place all who intend camping are invited to meet them.

☞ Governor Curtin arrived in this place, on the Fast Line, on Tuesday evening last, and remained over night at the Logan House. He was on his way to preside at a monster Mass War Meeting to be held at Pittsburgh this (Thursday) evening. An effort was made by the committee to invite speakers for the Mass Meeting in this place, to get him to stop with us on Saturday evening next, but he declined on account of his health, which is not yet completely restored.

RECRUITING SERVICE.—Second Lieut. George Shank, has received authority, from Harrisburg, to recruit for any Penn'a regiment in the field. Call upon him, if you want to enlist, and you can be accommodated with your choice of regiment. He renders his services in this respect as an accommodation to those who wish to enlist in old regiments, but he particularly wishes recruits for Capt. Murray's company 115th regiment.

☞ The pictorials for the past two weeks have been filled with engravings of the late battles before Richmond, and the stock of scenes is not likely to be exhausted for some time to come.—You will find all the pictorials, comic monthlies and late daily papers, from all the cities, at Oak Hall, Main street, together, with other things useful, ornamental and otherwise.

NEW FAMILY GROCERY STORE.—A new grocery store has just been opened on the corner of Main and Caroline streets, by John H. Fritchey, Agent. He will keep on hand a large assortment of groceries, confectioneries, queensware, &c., which he will sell at small profits. He will also keep a superior stock of tobacco and cigars of all kinds.

☞ Do you want something cooling and refreshing these warm evenings? If so, go to Josh. William's saloon, next door to the Bank, and call for a saucer of ice cream. We have tried it, and found it to be exactly the disideratum. His cream always tastes of something not in it. What is it? Call and see.

☞ On the outside of our paper will be found a letter from our "Army of the Potomac" correspondent, Blain, and also one from "Invisible Green, Jr.," who is now rusticating at Warrenton, in the Valley of Virginia, along with Gen. Pope's *corps de arme*. Read them.

☞ If you want to cool off, and at the same time patronize a clever fellow, just step into Wilson's ice-cream and refreshment saloon on Annie street, second door below Roush's drug store.

THANKS.—At a special meeting of the John Edgar Thomson Rifle Corps, held in West Philadelphia, July 15th, the following preamble and resolutions were unanimously adopted:

Whereas, The members of the John Edgar Thomson Rifle Corps (employees of the Pennsylvania Rail Road Shops at West Philadelphia) being desirous on their part to promote an interchange of feeling with those who might be in the employ of the same corporation, did by a resolution unanimously agree to visit Altoona on the 11th of July, 1862, Therefore, be it

Resolved, That the thanks of the Corps be and are hereby tendered to Enoch Lewis, Esq., the General Superintendent of the Penn'a R. R. Co., for the kindness manifested by him in relieving us from duty in the shops—the generous tender of a superior car for our accommodation, and a free transit over the road to our place of destination.

Resolved, That the heartfelt thanks of the Corps be and are hereby tendered to Wm. H. Wilson, Esq., Chief Engineer of the Penn'a R. R. Co., for the untiring zeal manifested by him in procuring the Logan House, with its hospitalities, for our accommodation and the spirit of love, on his part, in procuring a suitable place wherein the members of the Corps might worship their Creator on the Sabbath.

Resolved, That the thanks of the Corps be and are hereby tendered to Geo. C. Franciscus, Esq., Supt. Phila. Div. Penn'a R. R., for the courtesey extended by him on the occasion of our visit to Altoona (and on previous occasions) and in promoting the best interests of the Corps.

Resolved, That the thanks of the Corps be and are hereby tendered to Committee of Arrangements and the employees of the Penn'a R. R. Shops at Altoona, for the magnificent reception on the evening of our arrival; also, for their kindness in procuring a special train for our accommodation, enabling us to view one of the most stupendous works connected with railroad enterprises—the tunnel of the Allegheny mountains—and an opportunity of viewing Cresson, one of the most fashionable inland watering places in the great Keystone State; also, for the very handsome entertainment in the woods adjoining the town, where those who were so disposed might while away an hour or so "tripping the light fantastic toe" with the elite and graceful of Altoona's fair maidens; also, for the sumptuous repast provided for us, on the evening of the 12th, at the Altoona House, under the very able management of Mr. Woods.

Resolved, That the thanks of the Corps be and are hereby tendered to Messrs. D. R. Miller & Co., the gentlemanly proprietors of the Logan House, for their kind attention to us while sojourning with them, in providing for our every want, and we would cheerfully recommend the Logan House, under their management, as one of the very best conducted hotels in the State.

SAMUEL WALLACE, *Sec'y pro tem.*

TO THE NERVOUS OF BOTH SEXES.—A retired Clergyman having been restored to health in a few days, after many years of great suffering, is willing to assist others by sending (free) on the receipt of a post-paid directed envelope, a copy of the prescription used. Direct the REV. JOHN M. DAGNALL, 186, Fulton street, Brooklyn, N. Y. [June 12.-4m.

NOTICE TO TEACHERS!

Applications will be received by the Secretary of the Altoona School District till Wednesday the 6th of August, for Teachers to take charge of the Schools of said District for the ensuing school year. School to open on Monday, the 1st day of September. Term nine months, of twenty-two days each.

A public examination will be held in the West Ward School-House on Thursday, August 7th, commencing at 9 o'clock, A. M.

According to decisions of the State Superintendent of Common Schools, applicants are required to be present at the public Examinations, as private examinations will not be granted during the holding of the public examinations in the county—nor afterwards without the written request of a majority of the proper Boards. Applicants are therefore requested to be present at the Public Examination.

Eight Teachers are to be selected for the Schools.

By order of the Board.
E. A. BECK,
July 15th, 1862. Secretary.

BELGIUM CANARY BIRDS FOR SALE. Apply to G. W. FISHER, Portrait Painter, Altoona, Pa. [June 19-3t.

PLAIN & FANCY VESTS, of every size and style at LAUGHMAN'S.

SHERIFF'S SALES.—By virtue of sundry writs of Venditioni Exponas and Levari Facias out of the Court of Common Pleas of Blair county, and to the Sheriff of said County directed, there will be exposed to Public Sale or Outcry at the Court-House in the Borough of Hollidaysburg, on MONDAY, the 28th day of JULY, inst., at 1 o'clock P. M. of said day, the following property:

All the right, title and interest of Jonathan D. Leet in and to all that certain lot or piece of ground situate in the borough of Hollidaysburg, Blair county, bounded and described as follows:—Beginning at the South-West corner of Allegheny and Penn streets, thence along said Penn street 110 feet, to a lot owned by William Williams; thence along said lot in a Westerly direction, and parallel with said Allegheny street 110 feet to a five foot alley; thence along said alley and parallel with said Penn street 110 feet to Allegheny street; thence along said Allegheny street 110 feet to the place of beginning—being parts of lots No. 197 and No. 198 in the plan of said borough—having thereon erected a two-story brick dwelling house, one double two-story frame dwelling house, two frame stables, and other improvements.

Seized and taken in execution and to be sold as the property of J. D. Leet.

ALSO:

All the right, title and interest of Jesse Wingate in and to all that certain tract or parcel of land situate near the East end of the borough of Hollidaysburg, in Blair township in the county of Blair, containing twenty-two acres and twenty-eight perches, more or less, bounded by the Pennsylvania Canal feeder, the Juniata River and lands of Solomon Wertz, being the same piece or parcel of land awarded and decreed by the Orphan's Court of Blair county to Wm. Henderson Moore.

ALSO:

All the right, title and interest of Jesse Wingate in and to all that lot and a half of ground situate on the South-West corner of Mulberry and Montgomery streets in the borough of Hollidaysburg, Blair county, fronting ninety feet on Mulberry and Montgomery streets, in the borough of Hollidaysburg, Blair county, fronting ninety feet on Mulberry street and extending back along Montgomery street one hundred and eighty feet to Strawberry alley, being the eastern half of lot No 17 and the whole of lot No. 18, in the old town plot of said borough, having thereon erected a large two-story brick tavern house, a frame stable, an ice house and other buildings.

Seized and taken in execution and to be sold as the property of Jesse Wingate,

ALSO:

All the right, title and interest of William K. Piper in and to all that certain lot of ground situate in the borough of Gaysport, Blair county, fronting 120 feet on Bedford street, and extending back from said street along Newry street, 190 feet to an alley, thence along said alley 45½ feet to lot of Mrs. Longnecker, thence along said lot 180 feet to Bedford street, having thereon erected a two-story brick dwelling house and a frame stable.

Seized and taken in execution and to be sold as the property of William K. Piper.

ALSO:

All the right, title and interest of John N. Hamilton in and to all that certain lot of ground situate in the borough of Altoona, Blair county, fronting 120 feet on Rebecca street, and extending back 120 feet to an alley—being lot No. 2 in block KK in the general plan of said borough, and having thereon erected a two-story frame dwelling house.

Seized and taken in execution and to be sold as the property of John N. Hamilton.

ALSO:

All the right, title and interest of Bernard Kerr in and to all that certain lot of ground situate in the borough of Altoona and fronting fifty feet on Main street, and extending back 110 feet to Main alley—being lot No. 13 in block J in the general plan of said borough of Altoona, and having thereon erected a two-story brick store-house and 2 two-story frame buildings.

Seized and taken in execution and to be sold as the property of Bernard Kerr.

ALSO:

All the right title and interest of William McCauley in and to all that certain tract of land situate in Logan township, Blair county, containing 130 acres more or less, bounded on the East by lands of Peter Empfield and Jno. Hutchinson and on the North by lands of John Coleman and on the South by lands of Samuel Haggerty and others, having thereon erected 2 two-story log dwelling houses, a frame barn and a frame stable.

Seized and taken in execution and William McCauley's interest in the same to be sold.

ALSO:

All the right, title and interest of Lydwig Newhouse in and to all that certain tract of land situate in Antis township, Blair county, bounded by lands of Thomas Shaw, John Henshaw, and lands formerly of J. M. Confer, and by the lots in the town plot of Fostoria—being the same piece or tract of land purchased by the said Ludwig Newhouse from John P. Anderson, containing 105 acres, more or less, and not including any part thereof laid out in town lots.

ALSO:

All that certain lot of ground situate in the town of Fostoria, Blair county, fronting 50 feet on the Pennsylvania Rail Road and extending back 193 feet to other lands of Defendant, having thereon erected a two-story frame dwelling house and a frame stable.

ALSO:

All those two other certain lots of ground situate in the town of Fostoria, Blair county, fronting each fifty feet on the Pennsylvania Rail Road, and running back 193 feet to other lands of Defendant.

Seized and taken in execution and to be sold as the property of Ludwig Newhouse.

ALSO:

All the right, title and interest of Nancy McFarland in and to all that certain piece or tract of land situate in Snyder township, Blair county, containing one hundred acres, more or less, bounded by lands of Robert McFarland on the West, and by lands of E. B. Leet on the East, and by lands of John McFarland on the South, and by lands of Wm. M. Lyon & Co. on the North—having thereon erected a two-story log house and a one-and-a-half-story log cabin barn.

Seized and taken in execution and to be sold as the property of Nancy McFarland.

ALSO:

All the righe, title and interest of William Robeson in and to all that certain tract of land situate in Snyder township, Blair county, containing about one hundred acres, more or less, bounded on the East and West by lands of Bald Eagle Furnace, on the North by lands of Shoenbergers, on the South by lands of George Black—having thereon erected a two-story frame dwelling house and other outbuildings.

Seized and taken in execution and to be sold as the property of William Robeson.

ALSO:

All the right, title and interest of O. E. Crissman in and to all that certain tract of land situate in Tyrone township in Blair county, bounded by lands of Philip Bridenbaugh, dec'd, on the North; by lands of John Fleck, dec'd, on the West; by lands of Jacob Fleck, Sr. on the South, and by lands of Joseph Crawford on the South and East—containing one hundred and forty-three acres, more or less, and having thereon erected a large frame dwelling house and a log and frame barn.

ALSO:

All the right title and interest of O. E. Crissman in and to all that certain tract of land situate in Tyrone township, Blair county, containing about 255 acres—30 acres of which are cleared, and having thereon erected one saw-mill and one dwelling house and stable—being part of a larger tract of land, bounded on the East by lands of Leonard Hostler; on the South by lands of John Orr; on the West by lands of Jesse Moore, and on the North by the Brush Mountain.

Seized and taken in execution and to be sold as the property of O. E. Crissman.

ALSO:

All the right, title and interest of David Yingling in and to all those two certain lots of ground situate in Williamsburg, Woodberry township, Blair county, fronting fifty feet each on Front street, and running back one hundred and seventy-five feet to an alley, bounded on the South by a lot of Henry Winters, and on the North by lot of Henry Ally—having thereon erected one two-story frame dwelling house and frame stable.

ALSO:

All the right, title and interest of David Yingling in and to all that certain tract of land situate in Catharine township, Blair county, containing one hundred acres, more or less, bounded on the East by lands of Mrs. Hewit; on the West by lands of Geo. W. Roller, and on the South by the Juniata River—about seventy acres of which are cleared, improved and cultivated—being the same tract of land that the said David Yingling purchased by articles of agreement from Joshua H. Roller.

Seized and taken in execution and to be sold as the property of David Yingling.

ALSO:

All the right, title and interest of Benjamin F. Gibboney in and to all that certain two-story plank house or building situate in the borough of Martinsburg, and fronting on Main street leading from East to West thirty-six feet and extending back eighteen feet, with an additional wing of fourteen feet by fifteen feet, and the lot or piece of ground and curtilage appurtenant to said building.

Seized and taken in execution and to be sold as the property of Benjamin F. Gibbony.

ALSO:

All the right, title and interest of Edwin F. Shoenberger, Trustee of Maria M. Shoenberger, his wife, and Sidney Shoenberger and John E. and George Shoenberger in the following described property; to wit:—All that certain tract of land situate in Blair township, Blair county, known as the "Gap Furnace" property, and consisting of all that portion of a certain tract of land formerly belonging to the heirs of George McKee, dec'd, and afterward to Edwin F. Shoenberger, lying and being West of the Roaring Spring Creek, together with all and singular the improvements thereon erected, and all the ways, water rights, liberties, privileges, hereditaments and appurtenances whatsoever thereunto belonging or in anywise appertaining. Also, with all the iron ore in on and upon the lands of the late Dr. Peter Shoenberger then or at the making of a certain Deed by said Dr. Peter Shoenberger to Edwin F. Shoenberger, situate and lying on the Western side or slope of Dunning's Mountain—beginning at a line running from the southern extremities of the said described property to the summit of said mountain, thence northward to McKee's Gap, and thence northward and passing the Dig Gap to a cove called Loop, including the same, and entire privilege to dig, raise and mine the said ore and haul the same away. Also, the privilege of taking from the other lands of the said Peter Shoenberger, the necessary timber for mining purposes, and also the right and privilege of taking limestone from the lands of said Dr. Peter Shoenberger, wherever it may be found most convenient and best qualities. Also, the privilege of using the stables on the north side of said Roaring Spring Run, for teams not to exceed three in number, and all the rights and privileges conveyed to Joseph Kemp, Trustee, &c., to John R. and Thomas McFarlane, by deed bearing date July 5th, 1858; recorded in Deed Book I, pages 326, 326, 327 and 328.

Seized and taken in execution and to be sold as the property of Edwin F. Shoenberger, Trustee, &c.

ALSO:

All the right, title and interest of John C. Heyleman and J. R. Jones in and to all those two certain tracts of land lying and being partly in Blair county and partly in Cambria county, in the State of Pennsylvania, one of which said tracts was surveyed the 23d day of June A. D. 1788, in pursuance of a warrant granted by the Commonwealth to William McDougall, and the other of which was surveyed the 23d day of June, A. D. 1788, in pursuance of a warrant granted by said Commonwealth to John Gray, containing together eight hundred acres, more or less, on which there are coal banks open and in working order; having thereon erected one Blacksmith Shop, one hoel house, and one small office.

Seized and taken in execution and to be sold as the property of John C. Heyleman and J. R. Jones.

ALSO:

All the right, title and interest of Dr. J. T. McVay in and to all those two certain lots of ground situate on the corner of Logan and Clearfield streets in the Borough of Tyrone, in Snyder township, Blair county, fronting one hundred and twenty feet on Logan street and extending back on Clearfield street one hundred and sixty feet to an alley, having thereon erected a large double two story frame dwelling house and a frame stable.

Seized and taken in execution and to be sold as the property of Dr. J. T. McVay.

SAMUEL McCAMANT, Sheriff.

Sheriff's Office, Hollidaysburg, July 10, 1862.

LADIES' CHOICE!——PATENT
SELF-TESTING! SELF-SEALING!
FRUIT CANS & JARS!
10,000 HAVE STOOD THE TEST!

Manufactured and sold by HALLER & SAMUEL, sole agents, 429 North Second Street, Philadelphia, and for sale by

R. A. O. Kerr,
ALTOONA, PA.

HUYETT & FRIDLEY'S PATENT.

These Cans and Jars, being perfectly simple in their arrangement, and requiring no cement or solder to make them Air-Tight, are the most reliable and convenient vessels for preserving fruits and vegetables of all kinds, that are in the market.

THEY POSSESS THE FOLLOWING ADVANTAGES:

1st. All that is required after the fruit has been put in hot, is simply to screw the top down tightly.

2d. They can be opened by a single turn of the cover, and the contents taken out in one-fourth the time required by other cans.

3d. Besides their simplicity and ease of adjustment, and impossibility of stoppers blowing out, they show at all times the exact condition of the fruit, by simply looking at the top of the cover; if the gum is concave the fruit is good; if convex, the fruit is going to spoil, but will always show itself in time to be saved.

Directions.

Heat the Jars or pour on them from spoon in them while filling, which will avoid cracking. After the Jars are full, take out the spoon or iron, and screw down the cap tight.

Care should be taken to replace the same covers on the same Jars from which they were taken.

To restore the gums that have been used, to their original shape, put them in hot water for one hour.

July 3, 1862.—tf.

WHEELER & WILSON'S
SE

ONWARD! ONWARD!!

EXCELSIOR OUR MOTTO!

NOW OPEN

On the corner of Branch and Annie Streets,

EAST ALTOONA,

AN ENTIRELY

NEW STOCK OF GOODS!

HAVING DISPOSED OF THE entire stock of old goods in the above stand at auction, we desire to say to the public that we have just opened and

ENTIRELY NEW STOCK

to which we invite the attention of the public. We are determined to sell at the

VERY LOWEST PRICES.

Our stock embraces a large and complete assortment of

LADIES' DRESS GOODS,

consisting, in part, of plain and fancy Silks, all-wool Delaines, Alpacas, Challie Delaines, plain and figured Berege, Lawns, Ginghams, Ducals, De Barge, Traveling Dress Goods, and all the

LATEST STYLE PRINTS.

Men's Wear.

We have received a large and well selected stock of GENTLEMEN'S DRESS GOODS, such as Cloths, plain and fancy Cassimeres, Cashmerets, Tweeds, Jeans, Corduroys, Beaver Teans, Velvet Cords, and other fashionable goods for men and boys.

WHITE GOODS.

Irish Linen, Cambrics, Victoria Lawns, plain and dotted Swiss, Bobinets, Edgings, &c.

We have a large assortment of Ladies' Needlework Collars and Sets, Dress Trimmings, Ribbons, Gloves, Gauntlets, Mitts, Hosiery, Silk and Linen Handkerchiefs, Neck Ties, Veils, &c. Also, Ticking, Checks, bleached and unbleached Muslins, Cotton and Linen Diaper, Crash, &c.

Also, a fine assortment of

SPRING SHAWLS.

We have received a large lot of

BOOTS AND SHOES,

LADIES' GAITERS,

HATS & CAPS, SHAKER BONNETS, &c.,

which we are determined to sell cheaper than ever.

QUEEENSWARE,

CEDAR AND WILLOW-WARE,

HARDWARE,

Groceries, Flour,
Bacon, Cheese,
Syrups, Molasses,
Mackerel, Herring,
Carbon Oil, Fish Oil,
Drugs and Medicines,

and, in fact, everything usually kept in a first-class Store.

☞ As we make our purchases almost entirely for cash, and as we will sell for

CASH ONLY,

AND KEEP NO BOOKS, it will enable us to sell Goods at very moderate prices; and by fair dealing and strict attention to business we hope to secure a liberal share of public patronage.

GEIS & CO.

Altoona, April 15, 1862–tf

C. C. SERVER & SON,

(SUCCESSORS TO THOMAS R. TAYLOR & CO.)

Paper, Envelope, and Printers' Card

WAREHOUSE,

No. 513, MINOR STREET,

PHILADELPHIA, PA.

A LARGE ASSORTMENT OF WRITING, LETTER, NOTE, PRINTING, WRAPPING, MANILLA, TISSUE, SHOE AND HARDWARE PAPERS,

Printers' Cards,

BONNET, BOX AND STRAW BOARDS.

Printers, Blank Book Manufacturers,

Stationers and Storekeepers, will find it to their advantage to CALL AND EXAMINE OUR STOCK.

May 1st, 1862–1y.

EMPORIUM OF FASHION!!

Virginia St., Altoona, Pa.

D. W. A. BELFORD, Proprietor.

THE PROPRIETOR OF THE "EMPORIUM OF FASHION" would respectfully announce to the public that he has received a large invoice of

CLOTHS,

CASSIMERES,

VESTINGS,

and a general assortment of

GENTS' FURNISHING GOODS,

Collars, Neck-Ties, Suspenders,
Hosiery, Handkerchiefs,
&c., &c., &c.,

intended for the Spring and Summer trade.

The proprietor of the Emporium invites an examination of his stock, feeling confident that his shelves present a greater variety of plain and fancy goods than can be found elsewhere in the country. An examination will convince any one of this fact.

He has also received the

LATEST FASHION,

and being a perfect "Cutter," he has no hesitancy in saying that he can make up clothing in the fashion, and in a manner that can not fail to prove satisfactory. It has passed into a proverb that

Neither the rory man that can make,
Clothes in the fashion, strong and cheap;
All that have ever tried him yet,
Say that he really cant be beat.

Remember the place, Virginia street, first door above Juggett's Hall, Altoona, Pa. [April 17, '62.

HOWARD ASSOCIATION, Philadelphia. For the Relief of the Sick and Distressed, afflicted with Virulent and Chronic Diseases, and especially for the Cure of diseases of the Sexual Organs. Medical advice given gratis, by the Acting Surgeon. Valuable reports on Spermatorrhœa or Seminal Weakness, and other diseases of the Sexual Organs, and on the New Remedies employed by the Association, sent to the afflicted in sealed letter envelopes, free of charge. Two or three Stamps for postage will be acceptable.

Address, DR. J. SKILLIN HOUGHTON, Acting Surgeon, Howard Association, No. 2, South Ninth Street, Philadelphia, Pa." [June 26, 1862–1y.

S. M. WOODKOK,

ATTORNEY-AT-LAW,

Altoona, Penn's,

Will practice in the several Courts of Blair, Cambria and Huntingdon counties. Being associated with CHARLES B. CLEMENT, Esq., Military and Claim Agent, of Washington City, he will devote special attention to the prosecution and collection of claims against the United States, including Pensions, Bounty Lands, Arrears of Pay for Soldiers, the Army and Navy, and generally all business appertaining to any of the Departments.

Office in Virginia Street, 2 doors above Julia Street.

May 1, 1862.

INSTRUCTIONS IN MUSIC.—Mrs. HEISLER, Music Teacher, Residence on Virginia street, four doors North of the Lutheran Church, Altoona.

Terms—$25 per term ($5 invariably in advance) for instructions either on the Piano, Guitar, Melodon, or Organ.

Madame H. has had the advantage of a first-class European Musical education, and is known to be a competent Teacher.

No charge for the use of the instrument or for instructions in vocal music.

Altoona, Feb. 20, 1862.–3 mos.

PURE WHITE LEAD AND ZINC PAINT, also Chrome, Green, Yellow, Paris Green, dry and ground in oil at (1–tf.) KESSLER'S

LEVY'S PREPARATION FOR EXTERMINATING RATS, MICE, ROACHES, ANTS, and all other vermin found in its use under any circumstances. For sale at the Drug Store of G. W. KESSLER.

June 26, '62–tf]

ABDOMINAL SUPPORTERS, Trusses and Shoulder Braces for sale at [1–tf] G. W. KESSLER'S.

DR. WM. B. HURD'S

Dental Remedies

ARE

THE BEST in the WORLD,

INSURING

FINE TEETH

AND

A SWEET BREATH,

AND

CURING TOOTHACHE & NEURALGIA!

Do you wish to be blessed with and admired for PEARLY WHITE and Sound TEETH! Use DR. WM. B. HURD'S UNRIVALLED TOOTH POWDER, warranted free from acid, alkali or any injurious substance. Price, 25 cents per box.

☞ Beware of the ordinary cheap Tooth Powders which whiten but destroy.

Do you wish to be certain that your BREATH is pure, sweet, and agreeable to husband or wife, lover or friends? Use DR. HURD'S CELEBRATED MOUTH WASH.—Price, 37 cents per bottle.

This astringent wash is also the best remedy in the world for CANKER, BAD BREATH, BLEEDING GUMS, SORE MOUTH, etc. It has cured hundreds.

Do you or your children suffer from TOOTHACE? Get DR. HURD'S MAGIC TOOTHACHE DROPS. Price, 15 cents per bottle.

Are you afflicted with NEURALGIA? Get DR. W. B. HURD'S NEURALGIA PLASTERS. The most effective and delightful remedy known.

They do not adhere nor blister, but soothe and charm pain away. Try them. Price, 18 and 37 cents. Mailed on receipt of price.

Do you wish a complete set of DENTAL REMEDIES and a *Treatise on Preserving Teeth?* Get DR. W. B. HURD'S DENTAL TREASURY, the neatest and most valuable present that one friend can make to another.—Price, $1. Sent by express on receipt of price.

For sale at all the best stores throughout the country.

CAUTION.—As there are dealers who take advantage of our advertisements to impose upon their customers inferior preparations, it is necessary to insist upon having what you call for, and you will GET THE BEST, thoroughly tested, and prepared by an experienced and scientific Dentist, Treasurer of the New York State Dentist's Association, and Vice President of the New York City Dental Society. Address

WM. B. HURD & CO., New York.

DR. HURD'S DENTAL REMEDIES are for sale in this place by G. W. KESSLER.

THE HOUSEKEEPER'S

NEW

Furniture Polish

Prepared from an improved receipe by the proprietor of the "BROTHER JONATHAN POLISH," is certified by all the leading New York Furniture Dealers and Piano-Forte Makers to be the best in the world for removing Scratches, Marks, and Dirt, and restoring a high and lasting gloss to all kinds of Varnished work, from Furniture to Leather. It is cheaper and better than Varnish, dries immediately, and is easily applied. With a piece of Canton Flannel and a bottle or two of this New Furniture Polish, a Housekeeper can work magic in the furniture of a house, and keep it looking like new. Now is the time to "shine up" your Tables, Chairs, Desks, Pianos, Picture Frames, Carriages, etc., and make them look 50 per cent. better. This is true economy. For sale by Furniture Dealers and Storekeepers generally. Price 25 and 50 cents a bottle. Depot No. 1 Spruce Street, New York. ☞ SPECIAL AGENTS WANTED. ADDRESS,

BOX 1972, NEW YORK P. O.

GREAT BOOKS IN PRESS!

THRILLING INCIDENTS

OF THE

Great Rebellion;

—OR—

THE HEROISM OF

Our SOLDIERS & SAILORS.

ILLUSTRATED.

1 VOL., LARGE 12MO. PRICE $1.25.

The critics and the public are right in predicting that this will surpass, in graphic narrative, exciting interest, and extensive popularity, all other histories of the War for the Union. Its theme will be the heroic daring, patient suffering and hair-breadth escapes of our Soldiers and Sailors, and its incidents will form the theme of conversation at innumerable firesides for years to come. It will contain, in addition to its stirring details, the philosophical Analysis of the causes of the War, by John Lathrop Motley, L. L. D., Author of "The Rise of the Dutch Republic," etc., the dates of all the important events from the John Brown raid, and an accurate and revised account of the principal battles, with engravings.

One-third the proceeds of all Subscriptions sent direct to us will be given for the Relief of Disabled Soldiers, and all persons who wish a copy of the work, and also to benefit the soldiers, should send their name and address at once. Also, any officer or private, or person in any section of the country, having knowledge of any heroic act or stirring incident, will oblige us by sending us an account of it.

BOOKSELLERS, POSTMASTERS, and CANVASSING AGENTS will be furnished with a Subscription Prospectus, on application to the Publishers.

☞ A liberal commission given to Soldiers desiring to act as Agents in taking subscriptions.

II.

THE HISTORY

OF

American Manufactures,

FROM 1608 TO 1860.

BY DR. J. LEANDER BISHOP. 2 VOLS., 8vo.

Vol. I. now ready. Vol. II. nearly ready.

This is probably the largest and most important work now in the American press.

We have also just published new editions of the following useful and popular books:

THE BUSINESS MAN'S

LEGAL ADVISER;

Or, How to Save Money, by Conducting Business according to Law, as expounded by the best and latest Authorities. 400 pp., sheep. Price $1.

OPPORTUNITIES FOR INDUSTRY;

OR,

1000 CHANCES TO MAKE MONEY.

Cloth, $1. This has been re-published in England.

Every business Man and clerk should have these books. They will pay the buyer a hundred fold. Every parent should get them for their sons.

All these books are mailed, postpaid, on receipt of price. We pay particular attention to mailing books, wrapping them carefully, and will procure and send, postpaid, any book anywhere, on receipt of publishers' price and six stamps. Address

FREEDLEY & CO.,
Tribune Buildings, New York.

PIANOS!

PERSONS WHO WISH TO BUY a Piano of the best makers will be shewn how they can save a handsome sum in the purchase, if they address

PIANO,

Care of JOY, COE & Co., Publishers' Agents,
NEW YORK, P. O.

Nov. 21, 1861–1y.

NORTH WARD AHEAD!

NEW SPRING and SUMMER GOODS AT OLD PRICES.

THE UNDERSIGNED WOULD RESPECTFULLY inform the citizens of Altoona and surrounding country that he has just returned from the east, where he has been selecting his stock of Spring and Summer Goods, which for style, quality and Price cannot be surpassed in this neck of country. His stock is much larger than heretofore, and, as it is quite an object in these war-exciting times for every one to purchase where they can get the BEST article at the LOWEST PRICE, he would say that he can and will sell AS LOW, if not A little LOWER THAN ANY OTHER HOUSE in this place. He wishes all to call and see his stock before purchasing elsewhere, as he feels confident he can offer inducements which will DEFY COMPETITION. His stock consists of

LADIES' DRESS GOODS

OF EVERY DESCRIPTION.

MEN AND BOYS' SUMMER WEAR,

LADIES' AND MISSES' DRESS SHOES,

MEN AND BOYS' BOOTS AND SHOES,

MEN AND WOMEN'S HOSE, HATS AND CAPS,

Ginghams, Lawns, Bleached and Unbleached Muslins, Dried Peaches and Dried Apples, Plain and Canvassed Hams, &c., &c., &c.

He will sell the AMERICAN PRINTS at 12½ cents.
FAST MADDER COLORS, 10 "
FANCY DELAINES, from 12½ to 25 "
Fine Bleached MUSLINS yard wide, 12½ "
" " ¾ " 10 "
" " ⅞ " 6¼ "
Heavy Unbl'ched " yard " 12½ "
" " " ⅞ " 8 and 10 "
LAWNS, from 8 to 15 "
LADIES' SLIPPERS, from 40 to 50 "
" Fine, French, Sewed, Heeled BOOTEES. $1 25
" Pegged " 1 00
MEN'S CALF BOOTS, 2 75
" GOAT " 2 50
BOYS' GOAT, (Nos. 4 and 5,) 1 50
MEN AND BOYS' OXFORD TIES, from 75 cents to 1 00
MEN'S CALF MONROES, 1 00
All sizes of MISSES' & CHILDREN'S SHOES, very low.

GROCERIES! Rio Coffee at 20 cents, White Sugar 11 and 12½ cents, Brown Sugar from 7 to 10 cts.; Best Honey and Lovering's Syrup, at 60 cts.; Sugar House Molasses, 40 cts.; Baking Molasses, 31 to 40 cts.; together with Cedar and Willow Ware; Flour, Feed, &c., and all other articles of Goods just as low as any other house can sell. Please call and examine my stock before purchasing elsewhere.

J. A. SPRANKLE.

Altoona, May 1, 1862.] North Ward.

THE HEROES OF PEACE

AND

THE HEROES OF WAR.

E. ANTHONY, 501 BROADWAY, NEW YORK, is now publishing, in addition to other portraits, the celebrated collection known in Europe and America as

BRADY'S NATIONAL PHOTOGRAPHIC PORTRAIT GALLERY,

in which is included Portraits of nearly all the PROMINENT MEN OF AMERICA, not excepting Jeff. Davis, Gen. Beauregard, Floyd, and a host of other confederates. Price of Portraits $3.00 per dozen. Can be sent by mail.

Scenes of the War for the Union,

are published, card size, and in stereoscopic form, ALSO,

Stereoscopic Views of Scenes in Paris, London, and in other parts of England and France; in Scotland, Ireland, Wales, Holland, Switzerland, Spain, on the Rhine, in Athens, Egypt, Turkey, the Holy Land, China, India, Cuba, &c., *ad infinitum.*

OUR INSTANTANEOUS STEREOSCOPIC VIEWS

Are the Greatest Wonder of the Age.

These are taken in the fortieth part of a second, and the rushing of water, the moving of leaves, or the march of an army, does not in the slightest degree affect the taking of these views. They are sold for $3.00 per dozen.

We have also on hand and manufacture the largest assortment of Stereoscopes, Photographic Albums, and Photographic Materials in the United States, and perhaps in the world.

CATALOGUES, containing lists of our Portraits, Views, Stereoscopes, &c., sent free by mail, on receipt of a stamp.

E. ANTHONY, 501 Broadway,
Aug8–1y near St. Nicholas, New York.

GROCERY AND PROVISION

STORE,

Annie Street, East Altoona, a few doors above Branch Street.

THE SUBSCRIBER HAS JUST RECEIVED a large and fresh stock of GROCERIES, PROVISIONS, &c., which he will sell at prices equally as low as his competitors. His stock consists of

FLOUR, FEED,
BACON, HAMS,
FISH, SALT,
POTATOES, COFFEE.
SUGAR, TEA.
SPICES, CRACKERS.
CHEESE, TUBS,
BRUSHES,
BUCKETS, BROOMS,
RAISINS, LEMONS,
ORANGES, FIGS,
DATES, COMBS.
SOAPS, KNIVES.
BUTTER, EGGS,
CONFECTIONERIES, DRIED FRUIT,
AND DRUGS OF ALL KINDS.

I invite the public to call and examine my stock, as I am determined to please in quality and price.

May 8, 1862–tf WM. H. PERCIVAL.

EVERYBODY CALLS

AT JESSE SMITH'S.

when they want fashionable

Hats & Caps.

THE UNDERSIGNED WOULD RESPECTFULLY announce to the citizens of Altoona and surrounding country that he has just returned from the city with his

Spring & Summer Styles of

HATS, CAPS,

MISSES' FLATS, &C.

His Stock of Hats and Caps are of the very best selection, of every style, color and shape, for both old and young.

All he asks is that the people call and examine his stock, and he feels confident that he can send them away rejoicing, if not in the purchase of such an article as they wanted, at the remembrance of having looked upon the handsomest stock of Hats, Caps, Flats, &c., ever exhibited in this town.

Store on Virginia Street, opposite the Lutheran Church.

Oct. 3, 1861. JESSE SMITH.

W. M. LLOYD & CO.,

ALTOONA, PA.,

JOHNSTON, JACK & CO.,

HOLLIDAYSBURG. PA.,

BANKERS,

(*Late "Bell, Johnston, Jack & Co."*)

DRAFTS ON THE PRINCIPAL Cities, and Silver and Gold for sale. Collections made. Moneys received on deposite, payable on demand, without interest, or upon time, with interest at fair rates.

Feb. 3d, 1859.

WM. S. BITTNER,

Dental Surgeon,

OFFICE IN MASONIC TEMPLE, next door to the Post Office.

Teeth extracted without pain by the Current Electro-Magnetic Machine.

J. G. ADLUM,

Notary Public,

ALTOONA, BLAIR CO., PA.,

Can at all times be found at the store of J. B. Hileman.

October 1, 1857.

$25] EMPLOYMENT! [$75

AGENTS WANTED!

We will pay from $25 to $75 per month, and all expenses, to active Agents, or give a commission. Particulars sent free. Address Erie Sewing Machine Company, R. JAMES, General Agent, Milan, Ohio.

Sept. 12-1y.]

GREAT WESTERN INSURANCE AND TRUST COMPANY.—Insurance on Real or personal property will be effected on the most reasonable terms by their agents in Altoona at his office in Anna St.

March 17, 1859. JOHN SHOEMAKER, Agent.

HARDWARE OF ALL DESCRIPTIONS just received and for sale by

Oct. 15-tf] J. B. HILEMAN.

SAMUEL I. FRIES.....STEPHEN WINTERS

STOVES,

TIN AND SHEET-IRON WARE.

THE UNDERSIGNED WOULD RESPECTFULLY announce to the citizens of Altoona and vicinity that they have just received a large supply of STOVES *of all Patterns,* such as Cook, Parlor, Office and Shop Stoves, which he will sell at the most reasonable prices. A large supply will always be kept on hand.

TIN AND SHEET-IRON WARE, in great variety, always on hand.

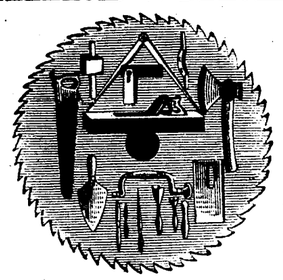
ROOFING & SPOUTING

put up on short notice.

They have also attached a copper-smithing room to their establishment and will keep on hand an assortment of copper and brass kettles, &c.

All kinds of Job work promptly attended to.

HARDWARE.



The subscribers have added Hardware to their line of business, and are now prepared to supply anything in the Hardware and Cutlery line, such as Handsaws, Axes, Augers, Adzes, Chisels, Squares, Rules, Hammers, Planes, Hinges, Locks, Latches, Files, Knives and Forks, Spoons, &c., &c., all of which they offer on the most reasonable terms.

☞ Persons wishing anything in the Hardware line are requested to call and examine their stock.

A share of public patronage is respectfully solicited.

☞ Store on Annie street, between Harriet and Adaline streets, East Ward, and on Virginia street, opposite Kessler's Drug Store, West Ward.

FRIES & WINTERS.

Altoona, Feb. 3d, 1862.

HEAD QUARTERS

FOR THE CHEAPEST AND BEST

Spring & Summer Goods!!!

J. B. HILEMAN has just received a large and well selected stock of Goods, consisting of Cloths, Plain and Fancy Cassimeres, Satinetts, Kentucky Jeans, Tweeds, Beaverteens, Blue Drilling, and all other kinds of Goods for

MEN AND BOYS' WEAR,

together with a grand and magnificent assortment of

LADIES' DRESS GOODS,

Such as Black and Fancy Silks, Challies, Bereges, Brilliants, Lawns, Delaines, Chintzs, De Beges, Crapes, Prints, Crape and Stella Shawls, Mantillas, Undersleeves and Hosiery, Bonnets and Ribbons, Collars, Handkerchiefs, Kid Gloves, Hoped Skirts, Skirting, Lace Mitts, &c., &c.

ALSO,

Tickings, Checks, Bleached and Unbleached Muslins, Cotton and Linen Table Diaper, Crash, Nankeen, &c.

BOOTS AND SHOES,

HARDWARE. QUEENSWARE,

WOOD AND WILLOW WARE,

OIL CLOTHS, CARPETS, &C.

GROCERIES.

Our stock of Groceries is more extensive than ever, and consists of Rio and Java Coffee, Crushed, Loaf and N. O. Sugars; Green, Y. H. and Black Teas; Molasses, Soaps, Candles, Salt, Fish, &c.

Thankful to the public for the very liberal patronage heretofore received, he hopes by strict attention to business, and an endeavor to please, to merit a continuance of the same.

☞ Call and examine his Stock, and you will be convinced that he has the best assortment and cheapest Goods in the market.

☞ Country Produce of all kinds taken in exchange for Goods at market prices.

Altoona, April 4, 1862.

POKED OUT AGAIN!

The undersigned would respectfully solicit the patronage of the citizens of Altoona and vicinity, as he has again opened out

AT HIS OLD STAND,

on Virginia st., a few doors below the Supt's Office,

with an entirely new and fresh supply of

PROVISIONS AND GROCERIES,

such as

FLOUR, BACON, FISH,
SALT, POTATOES,
CHEESE, CORN-MEAL, MILL-FEED
OATS, RYE, CORN,

TEAS of all kinds, COFFEE, SUGAR, SYRUPS, BAKING MOLASSES, TOBACCO, SEGARS, DRIED FRUIT, SOAP, CANDLES, BROOMS, BRUSHES, Crockery, Wooden and Willow Ware, Stationery, Notions, Candies, &c. Also a large stock of

LIQUORS!

All the above goods will be sold, Wholesale or Retail, at the lowest prices. Come one—come all! See for yourselves, and be convinced. No charge for examining my stock.

LOUIS PLACK.

April 17, '62-tf.

FARMERS TAKE NOTICE.—The undersigned is about starting a Tannery, and wishes to buy or trade for

400 CORDS

of good ROCK OAK BARK, and also for HIDES, for which the highest market price will be paid.

Altoona, April 17, '62-tf. LOUIS PLACK.

EXCHANGE HOTEL.—THE SUBSCRIBER would respectfully inform the public that he has recently refitted the above Hotel, and is now prepared to accommodate his friends and patrons in a comfortable manner, and he will spare no pains in making it an agreeable home for all sojourners. His Table will always be luxuriously supplied from the markets of the country and cities, and his Bar filled with liquors of choice brands. His charges are as reasonable as those of any other Hotel in the place, and he feels satisfied they can not be complained of by those who favor him with their custom. Expecting to receive a share of public patronage, and fully intending to deserve it, he throws open his house to the public and invites a trial.

I have just received a stock of No. 1 French Brandy, for medicinal purposes.

Also a large stock of excellent Wines, for medicinal purposes, together with a lot of the best old Rye Whiskey to be found in the country.

Altoona, May 27, 1859.–1y] JOHN BOWMAN.

$30. EMPLOYMENT! $100.

Commercial Agents Wanted

TO SELL GOODS FOR THE

ADAMS

(A NEW ENGLAND)

MANUFACTURING COMPANY.

We will give a commission of one hundred per cent. on all goods sold by our Agents, or we will pay wages at from $20 to $100 per month and pay all necessary expenses. For particulars address (with stamp)

CHAS. RUGGLES, Gen'l Agent,
For the Adams Manufacturing Co. DETROIT, MICH.

May 8, 1862–1y

COAL.

NOW IS THE TIME FOR EVERY family to get in their supply of coal for the Winter, and the subscribhr would therefore inform the citizens of Altoona and vicinity, that he is prepared to supply them, on short notice, with a superior article of ANTHRACITE and ALLEGHENY BITUMINOUS COAL. He will sell it by the Train, Car, or Cart Load, or by the bushel, delivered at the door of the purchaser.

☞ Yard on the North side of the Railroad—upper end of Altoona Yard.

July 25, 1861.–tf. H. R. MYERS.

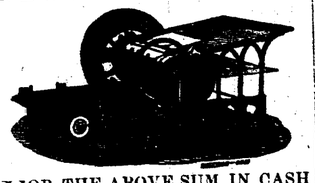
BLAIR COUNTY INSURANCE AGENCY.—The undersigned, Agent of the Blair County Mutual Fire Insurance Company, is at all times ready to insure against loss or damage by fire, *Buildings, Merchandize, Furniture and Property,* of every description, in town or country, at as reasonable rates as any Company in the State Office with Bell, Johnston, Jack & Co. T. CALDWELL, *Agent.*

Jan. 27, '59–tf

CAMPBELL'S

SIX HUNDRED AND FIFTY DOLLAR

NEWSPAPER PRESS.



FOR THE ABOVE SUM IN CASH I will furnish one of my superior NEWSPAPER PRESSES, that can be driven by hand with ease at the rate of

SEVEN HUNDRED SHEETS PER HOUR,

on any kind of a job from a colored poster down, and do its work as well as any cylinder Press in the world.

Bed 31 x 46 inches, rolls a form 27 x 44 inches with two rollers, weighs, boxed for shipment, 4200 lbs, and can be put up and set running by any ordinary printer.

There is included with the Press, one rubber blanket, two sets roller-stocks, and two roller-moulds.

Boxing and carting, $25 extra.

I have issued a specimen done on this press, in pamphlet form, containing a cut of it, and will take great pleasure in sending a copy to those who have not received it, on the receipt of a paper from them.

Any publisher inserting this advertisement, to the amount of $10, and sending me a paper containing it, will be allowed the amount of their bill towards payment on one of my presses, if ordered after one year from September 1, 1861. If ordered within one year, $20 will be allowed for the bill. If ordered within six months $30 will be allowed. And if within three months, $40 will be allowed for the bill.

THESE ARE WAR TIMES AND WAR PRICES.

You will find it for your interest to communicate directly with me, as I warrant the press to be all I represent it, which your merchant can easily find out for you if you are a total stranger in New York. For further particulars please address

A. CAMPBELL,
No. 16, Spruce street, N. Y.

Sept. 19, 1861.

PATENT KEROSENE OR CARBON OIL LAMPS!

Unrivaled in Beauty, Simplicity Safety or Economy.

Every person desiring to obtain the very best and cheapest portable light within their reach, should call at the store of the undersigned and examine these Lamps before purchasing elsewhere, and we pledge ourselves to demonstrate

1st. That NO ACCIDENT can occur by explosion.
2d. That they emit no offensive odor while burning.
3d. That they are very easily trimmed.
4th. That they are easily regulated to give more or less light.
5th. That they burn entirely free from smoke.
6th. That the light is at least 50 per cent. cheaper than any other light now in common use.

These lamps are admirably adapted for the use of Students, Mechanics, Seamstresses, Factories, Halls, Churches, Stores, Hotels, and are highly recommended for family use.

The burner of the Carbon Oil Lamp can be attached to old side, hanging and table fluid and oil lamps, at a small expense, and will answer every purpose of a new lamp.

We guarantee perfect satisfaction in all cases.

Aug. 19, 1858–tf.] G. W. KESSLER.

JACOB SNYDER, TAILOR,

The Hero of One Hundred Fits per Month!

I would respectfully set forth my claim to public attention, as a Fashionable Tailor, as follows:

Because I keep an excellent assortment of Cloths, Cassimeres, Vestings and Trimmings, which, when examined, always please.

Because my work is made up in a manner that takes down the country and gives all my customers a city appearance.

Because I am not inferior as a Cutter to the best to be found anywhere.

Because long experience in my business gives me entire control over it, and I am not dependant upon any one to fit me out of the suds.

Because I am still on the sunny side of forty, and therefore my taste as a Cutter and workman unimpaired.

Call on me, in the corner room of "Brant House." Give me a trial and you will go away pleased.

Altoona, May 26–5m JACOB SNYDER.

Stoves, Tin and Sheet Iron Ware.

SPOUTING, &C.

S. RIGG WOULD RESPECTFULLY inform the citizens of Altoona and vicinity that he keeps constantly on hand a large assortment of *Cooking, Parlor, Office and Shop Stoves,* of all styles and sizes, to suit the wants of all, which he will sell at low prices, on reasonable terms.

He also keeps on hand a large stock of *Tin and Sheet-Iron Ware,* consisting of all articles for culinary purposes—*Coal Scuttles, Stove Pipe, &c.*

He has also purchased the right of sale in Blair county, of R. V. JONES'

IMPROVED SAUSAGE STUFFER,

an invention which needs only to be seen to be appreciated and should be possessed by every farmer, butcher or those requiring such a machine.

☞ Particular attention paid to putting up SPOUTING, either in town or country. Spouting painted and put up on the most reasonable terms. [april 14, 1859-1y

GROCERY, PROVISION

AND

WHOLESALE LIQUOR STORE.

THE UNDERSIGNED WOULD INFORM the public that he has purchased the interest of A. MILLIRON in the Grocery and Provision Store heretofore kept by them on Virginia street, below Caroline St., where he will continue the business, and will keep constantly on hand a large supply of

FLOUR, HAMS, SHOULDERS, SIDES

DRIED BEEF, FISH, SALT, MOLASSES, COFFEE, TEA, SUGAR, SPICES, CONFECTIONARIES,

and everything usually kept in Grocery and Provision Stores, all of which he receives fresh from the eastern and western cities, and will sell at the most reasonable prices.

Having recently obtained license to sell liquor by wholesale, I will keep constantly on hand a large assortment of liquors of the best qualities to be had.

I respectfully solicit a share of public custom.

July 12, 1861–tf.] J. BERKOWITZ.

MORE GOOD NEWS!

The undersigned has just received from the East a large and varied assortment of

FALL AND WINTER GOODS,

consisting of

CLOTHS, CASSIMERES, AND

VESTING,

material for

FINE AND COARSE

OVERCOATS,

material for

BOYS' CLOTHING.

GENT'S FURNISHING GOODS,

such as Undershirts, Drawers, Suspenders, Neck-ties, Handkerchiefs &c., &c., all of which will be sold at the lowest prices.

All work ordered will be made up in the very best style, according to the latest fashions, on short notice.

Nov. 1, 1860–tf THOMAS ELWAY.

SOMETHING NEW.

THE SUBSCRIBER HAS JUST returned from the east where he has purchased a very large and fine stock of

BOOTS AND SHOES,

BROGANS, GAITERS, &C.,

which he is prepared to offer to the citizens of Altoona and vicinity at very low prices. Having purchased direct from the manufacturers for cash, he is prepared to sell at prices that will defy competition. All that he asks is that the people will call and examine his stock before purchasing elsewhere.

☞ BOOTS and SHOES made to order on the most reasonable terms. Also, repairing promptly attended to.

Don't forget the place, two doors below Post Office.

Jan. 3, 1861. M. THOMPSON, *Agent.*

VAN ANDEN'S PATENT

PORTABLE COPYING PRESS.

HANNAH & CO.,

Sole Proprietors, 29 Cliff St., New York.

TWO SIZES.....$1.00 & 1.25.

ON RECEIPT OF PRICE A PRESS WILL be mailed to any address, postage paid. Descriptive Circulars sent if requested. Stationers and Agents supplied on liberal terms.

☞ Extraordinary Inducements offered to intelligent Agents. [May 1st, '62—3m.]

OYES! O YES!—GENTLEMEN draw nigh and hear. JOSEPH P. TROUT announces to the public, that he is ready to discharge his duty as an Auctioneer whenever called upon. [jan. 2 '56.

HUTTER'S

STATE CAPITOL

Book Bindery,

AND BLANK BOOK MANUFACTORY.

No. 54 Market St., Harrisburg, Pa.

This establishment is chiefly devoted to the manufacture of Blank Books for Banks, County Offices, Railroad Companies, and private individuals. In all cases the very best of stock and workmanship may be relied upon. Blank Books ruled, paged, and bound to any desired pattern. Blanks for Justices, attorneys and Justices Dockets of all sizes, made and bound to order. Tri-annual and Yearly Assessments, Dupliates, &c., for county purposes, printed or plain, ruled and bound to order. County Dockets made of the best linen paper.

Librarians, and others, desiring to have their Books well bound and at moderate prices, should give us a call. Newspapers of the largest sizes, Harper's Weekly, Gleason's Pictorial, Ballous, Scientific American, London News, bound to order, and in any style required. Harper's Monthly Magazine, Knickerbocker, Blackwood's and Graham's Magazines, Godey's Lady's Book, Lady's Repository, Peterson's Magazine, Piano Music, &c., bound in extra styles, or the more plain and substantial half binding. Select Pamphlets, Law Magazines, Pamphlet laws, bound in good Library style, at very moderate prices. Persons having a number of volumes to bind, will receive a liberal discount. Binding can safely be sent to us from a distance by Express, and all work entrusted to our care will be speedily executed, safely packed and returned by Express. All work warranted. Address F. L. HUTTER,

Harrisburg, Pa.

☞ McCRUM & DERN, at the *Tribune* Office, are my agents for Altoona, and vicinity. They will give information in relation to binding, and receive and return books free from extra charges, for all who entrust their work to my care.

[March 21, 1861–1y

HOLLIDAYSBURG MARBLE WORKS

JOHN McKEAGE, successor to A. W. Kinney,

Manufacturer of all kinds of MONUMENTAL MARBLE WORKS, at the PLAIN AND DURABLE prices. All work finished at this establishment warranted to give satisfaction.

GROCERY AND BAKERY!

THE UNDERSIGNED ANNOUNCES to the citizens of Altoona and vicinity that he has just received a large invoices of

FRUITS, CONFECTIONARIES, NUTS, SPICES

and notions for children &c., expressly for the Holidays.

He will also keep always on hand a good stock of plain and fancy cakes, of his own manufacture.

LEMONS, PRUNES, RAISINS, &C.

always on hand at all seasons of the year.

Coffee, Teas, Sugar, Molasses, Butter,

EGGS, GOOD WHITE WHEAT FLOUR,

BUCKWHEAT FLOUR, CORN MEAL, &C.

always in store and for sale in large or small quantities.

Call, examine and price my stock and you will find it as good and cheap as any in town.

Dec. 20, '60–1y.] JACOB WISE.

THE GREAT QUESTION WHICH now agitates the mind of every person is, where can I get the best article for my money! In regard to other matters, the subscriber would not attempt to direct, but if you want anything in the line of

BOOTS OR SHOES

he invites an examination of his stock and work.

He keeps constantly on hand an assortment of Boots, Shoes, Gaiters, Slippers, &c., which he offers at fair prices.

He will give special attention to custom work also, which will be warranted to give satisfaction. None but the best workmen are employed.

Remember my shop is on Virginia street, immediately opposite Kessler's Drug Store.

September 3, '57–tf] JOHN H. ROBERTS.

H. FETTINGER'S

General News Agency,

OAK HALL, No. 7, MAIN STREET

SCHOOL BOOKS, BLANK BOOKS,

STATIONERY, CONFECTIONARIES

CIGARS & TOBACCO,

TOYS AND NOTIONS IN GREAT VARIETY

CONSTANTLY ON HAND.

October 24, 1861.

NATIONAL POLICE GAZETTE.—This Great Journal of Crime and Criminals is in its Twelfth Year, and is widely circulated throughout the country. It contains all the Great Trials, Criminal Cases, and appropriate Editorials on the same, together with information on Criminal Matters, not to be found in any other newspaper.

☞ Subscriptions $2 per annum; $1 for six months, to be remitted by subscribers, (who should write their names and the town, county and State where they reside plainly,) to G. W. MATSELL & CO.

Editor & Prop'r. of New York Police Gazette.

15–tf] *New York City*

CONFECTIONERY

AND OYSTER SALOON,

THE SUBSCRIBER WOULD INFORM the citizens of Altoona and vicinity that he CONFECTIONERY, NUT and FRUIT STORE is always supplied with the very best articles to be had, and in great variety. He has also an

OYSTER SALOON

attached to his store, in which he will serve up OYSTERS in every style during the season.

FRESH-BAKED BREAD & PIES always on hand.

He is at all times prepared to supply cakes, candies, &c., or pic-nics and other parties. He invites a share of public patronage, believing that he can render full satisfaction to all.

Remember, his store and saloon is on Virginia street, two doors below Patton's Hall.

OTTO ROSSI.

Altoona, Oct. 10, 1861–tf

G. W. KESSLER—PRACTICAL DRUGGIST, respectfully announces to the citizens of Altoona and the public generally, that he still continues the Drug business, on Virginia street, where he keeps constantly on hand, for sale, Wholesale and Retail, DRUGS, MEDICINES, CHEMICALS, OILS, VARNISHES and DYE-STUFFS.

By strict attention to business, and a desire to render satisfaction to all as regards price and quality, he hopes to merit and receive a share of public patronage.

Physicians and merchants supplied on reasonable terms, and all orders from a distance promptly attended to.

Physicians prescriptions carefully compounded. [1–tf.

CORELITE BASE.—Having purchased the right to manufacture the CORELITE